

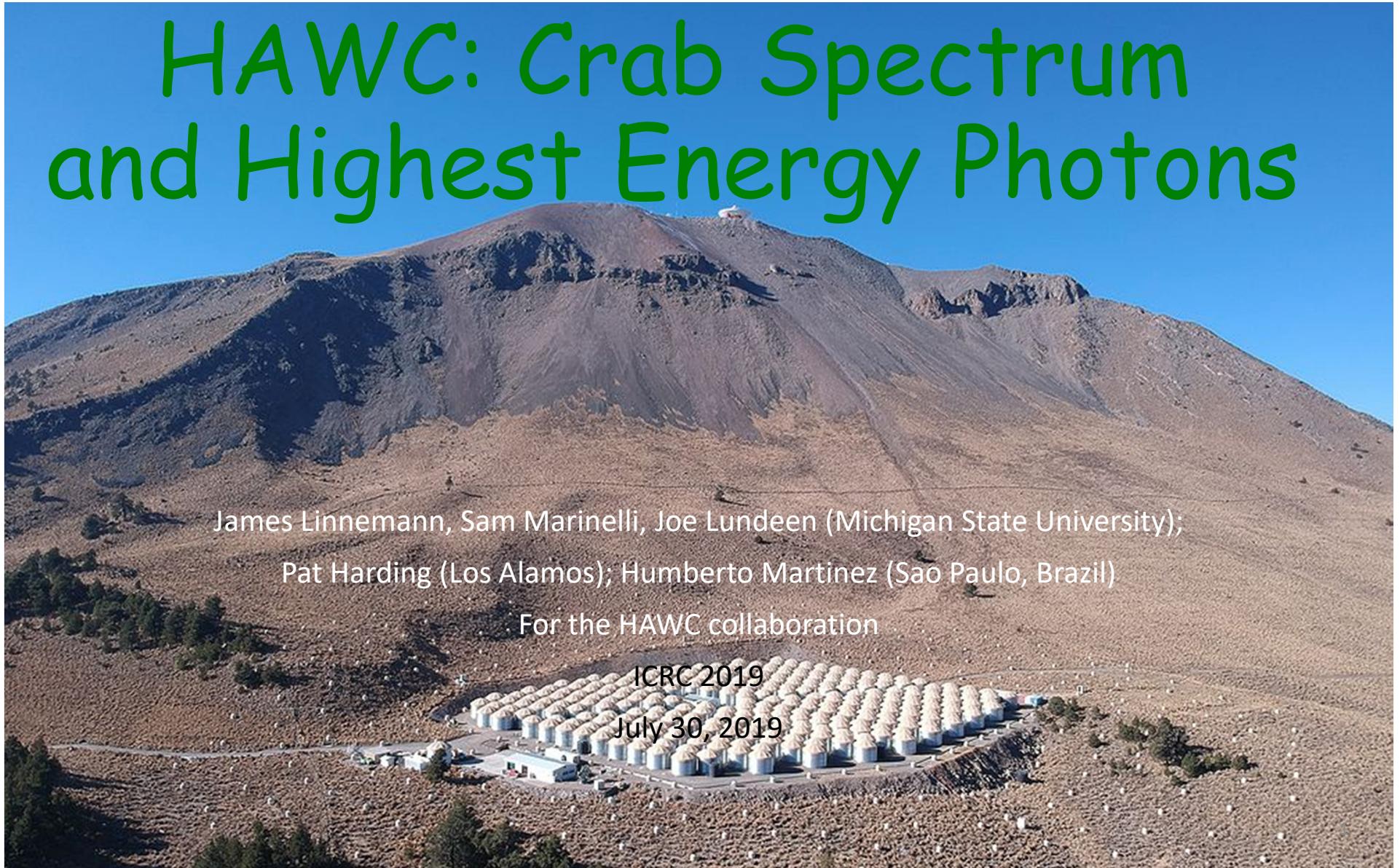
HAWC: Crab Spectrum and Highest Energy Photons

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For the HAWC collaboration

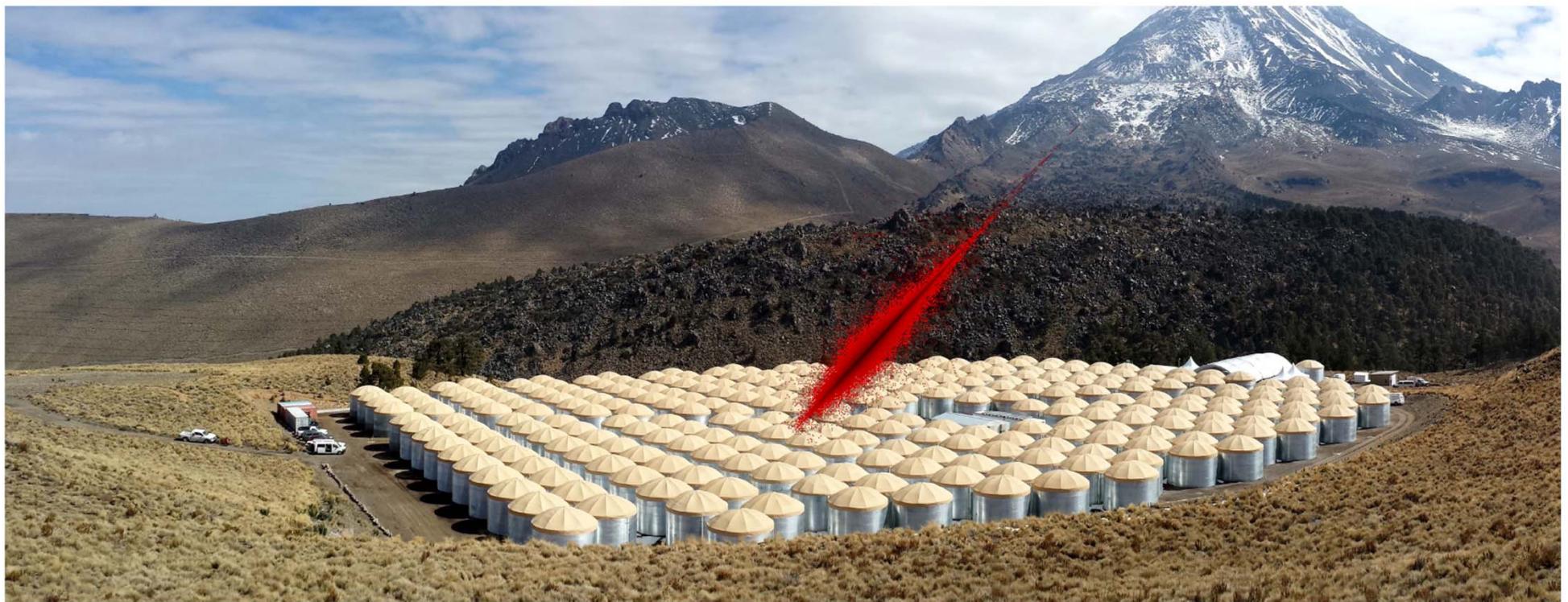
ICRC 2019

July 30, 2019



The High-Altitude Water-Cherenkov (HAWC) observatory

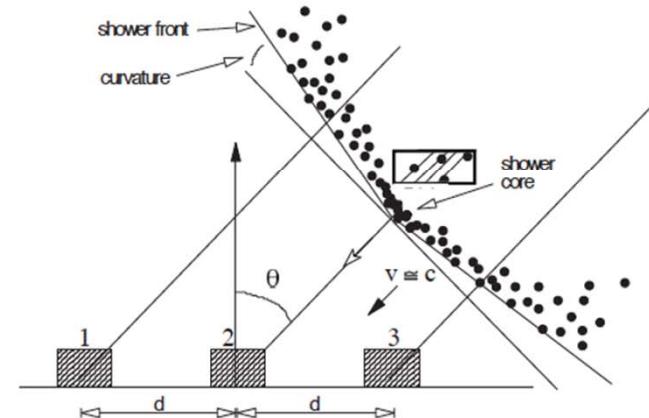
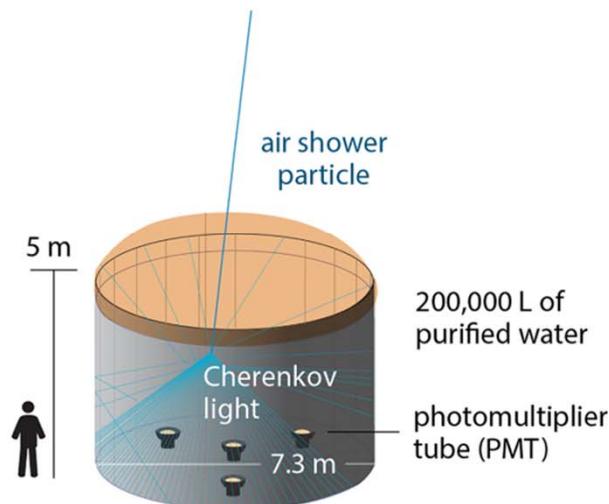
- A γ -ray observatory located 4100 m above sea level on the Sierra Negra volcano in Puebla, Mexico.



HAWC has 300 Water Cherenkov Tanks

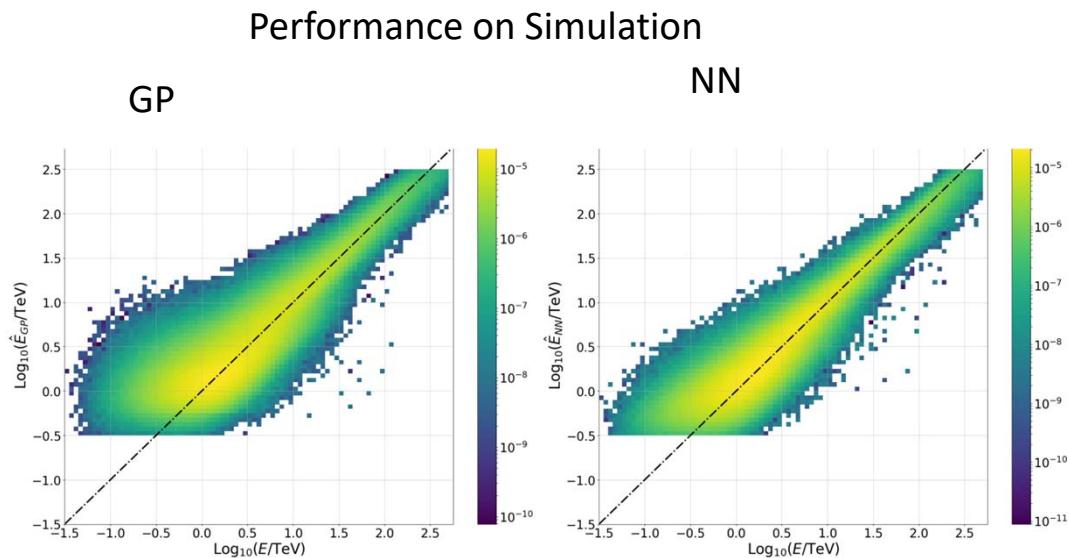
Measure extensive photon air shower particles reaching ground level

- Timing used to determine shower direction.



Two improved HAWC photon energy estimators

event by event energy to above 100 TeV



GP: lateral distribution at 40m
corrections for zenith angle

NN: Neural Net with shower size,
location, lateral distribution rings,
zenith angle

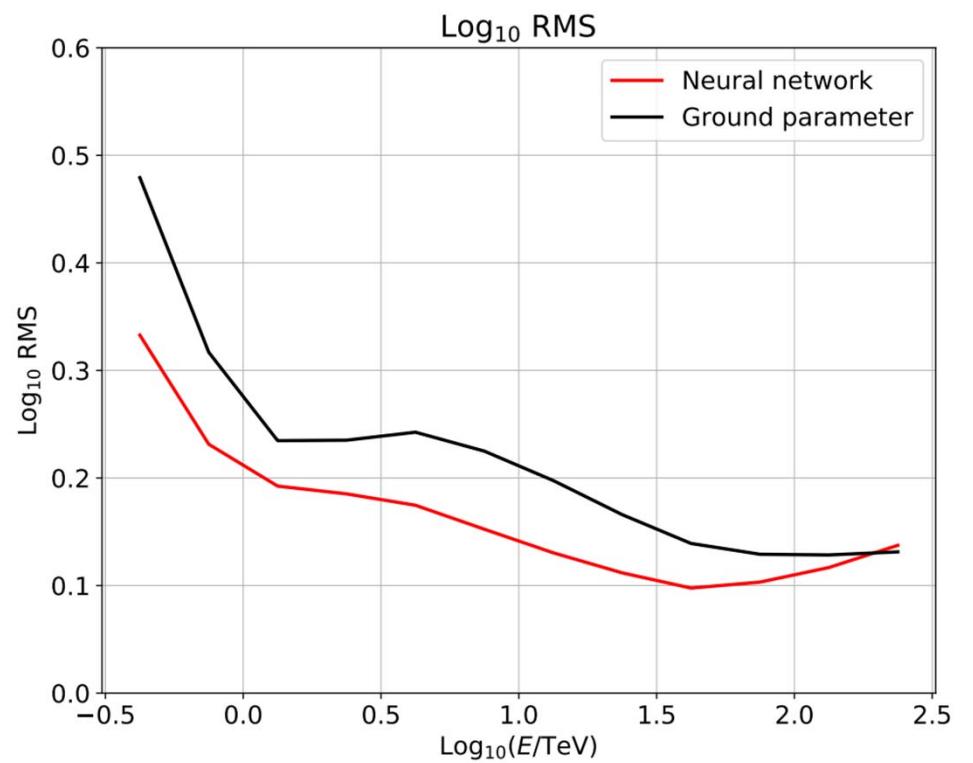
NN architecture 15:15:14:1

<https://arxiv.org/pdf/1905.12518.pdf>

Good resolution especially > 10 TeV

LogNormal resolution function

RMS = bias \oplus resolution



Resulting Crab Spectrum: 1 to 100 TeV

Best fit is log parabola

$$\Phi_o \left(\frac{E}{7\text{TeV}} \right)^{\alpha + \beta \log E(\text{TeV})}$$

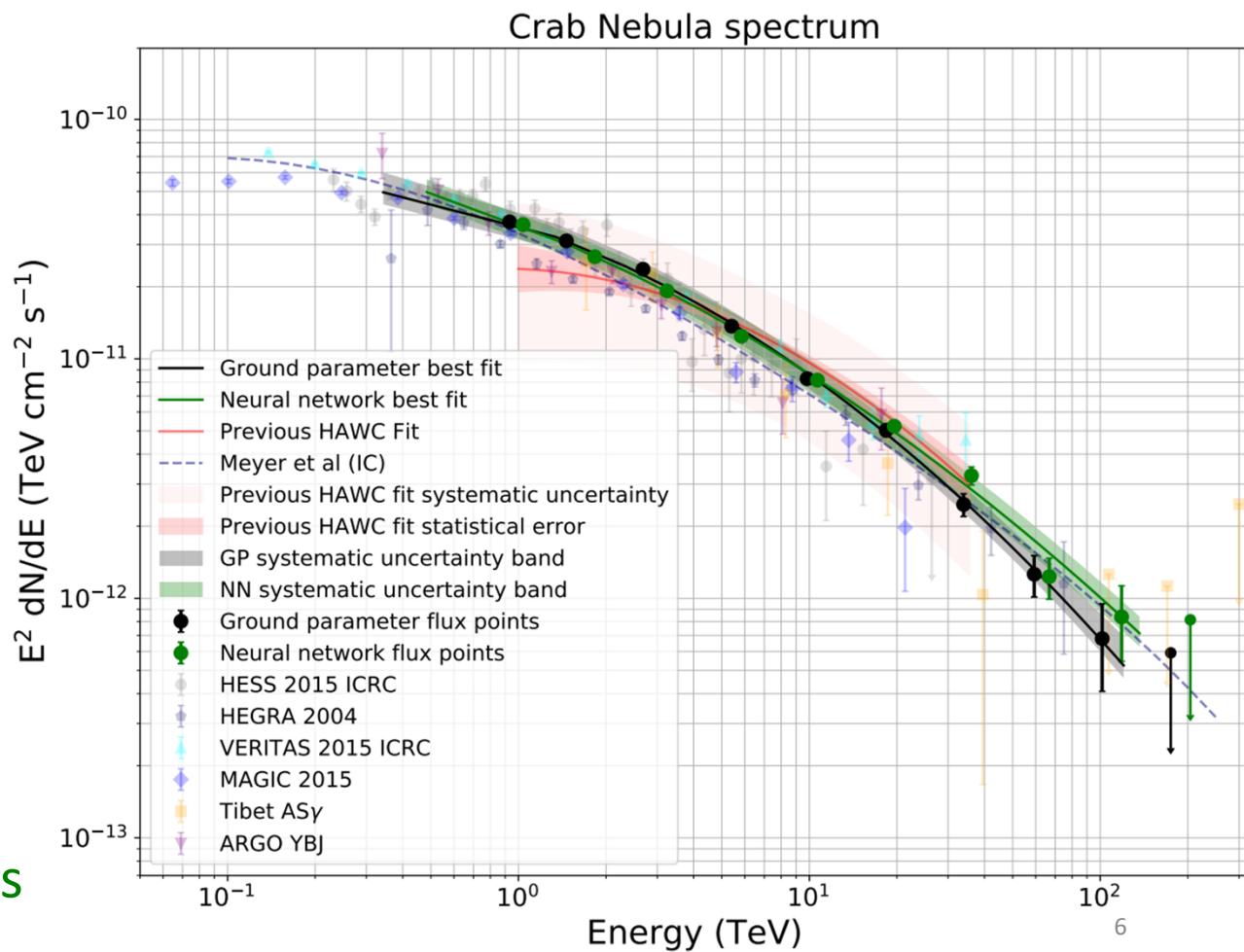
NN fit:

$$\alpha = -2.73(2) \quad \beta = -.06(1)$$

GP fit:

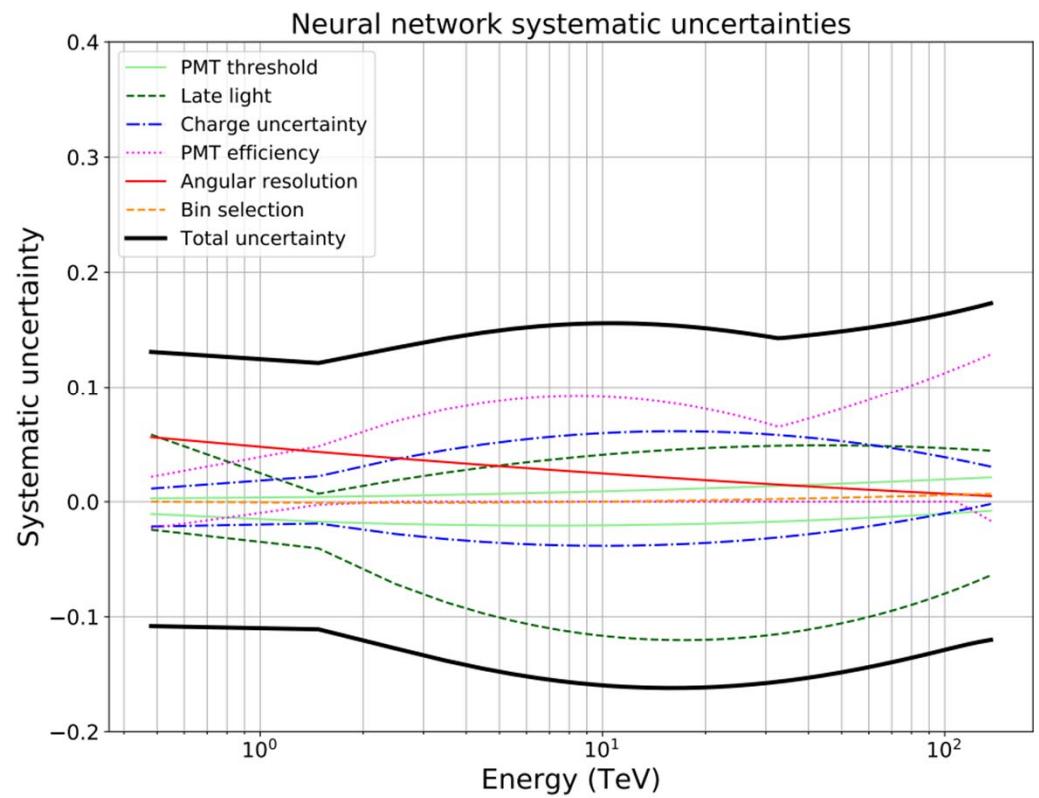
$$\alpha = -2.79(2) \quad \beta = -.10(1)$$

Estimators agree within errors



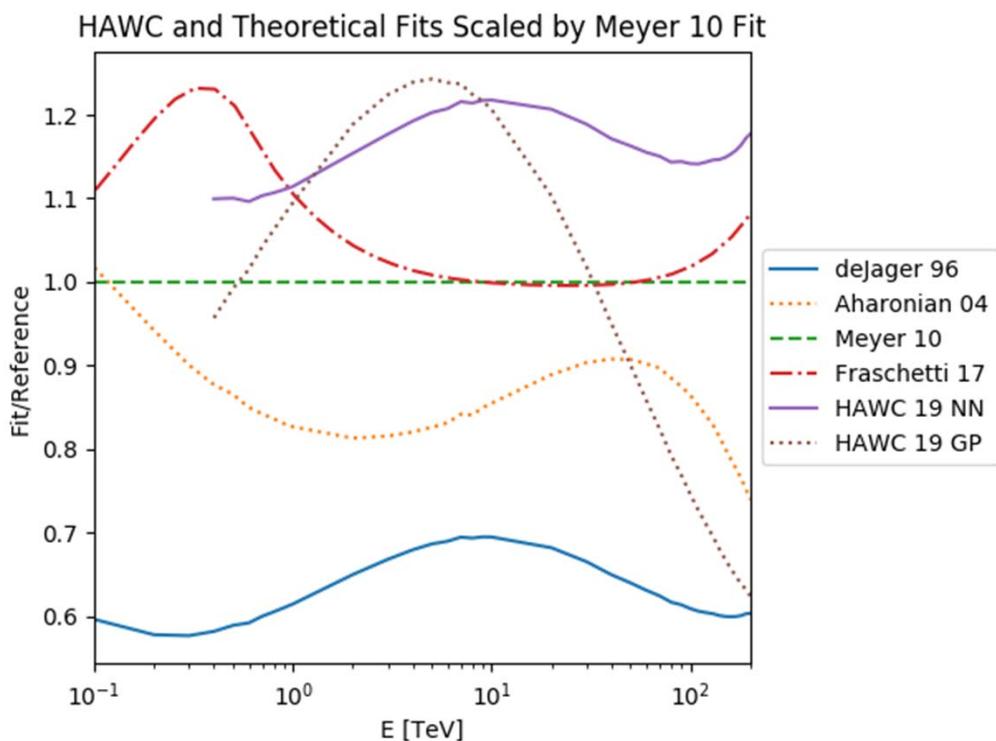
Systematics are in good control

Plot shows fractional uncertainty
in $E^2 dN/dE$ (for NN)



Compare Spectral Fits on Linear Scale

HAWC and several IC theory fits



Normalize to Meyer et al 2010

<https://arxiv.org/abs/1008.4524>

All theory curves are IC fits

Meyer 2010: IC fit to wide spectrum,
several target photon populations

2010 compromise E scale (Fermi, IACT)

Fraschetti & Pohl:

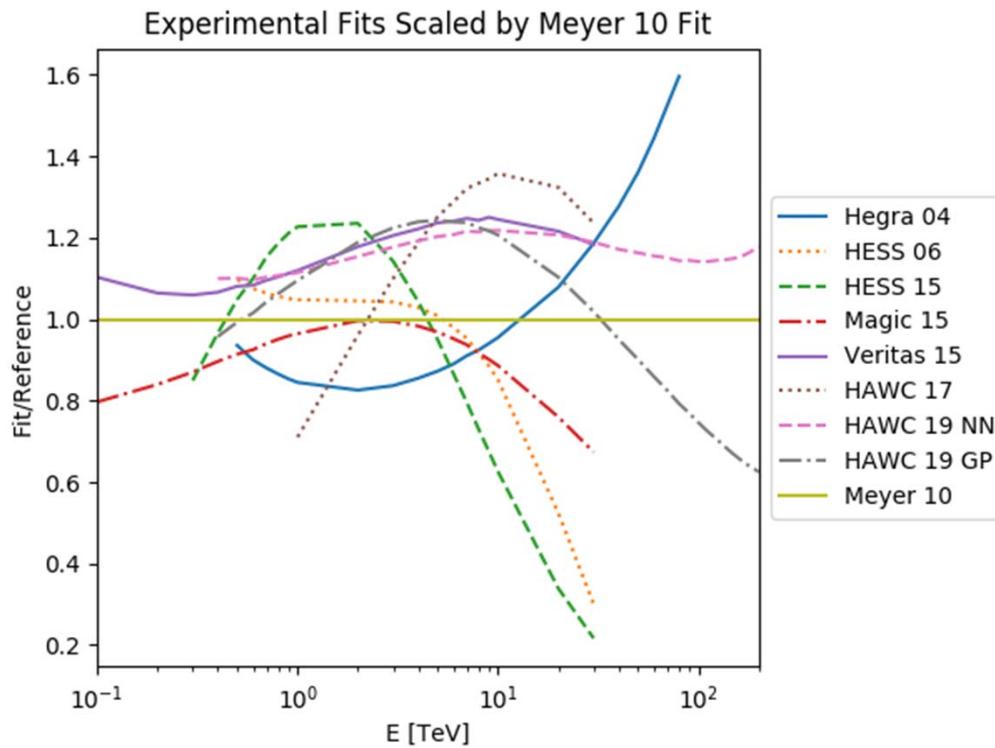
log parabola e spectrum + SSC + CMB

Close to Meyer above 1 TeV

Both agree with HAWC within 20%

Compare Experimental Fits

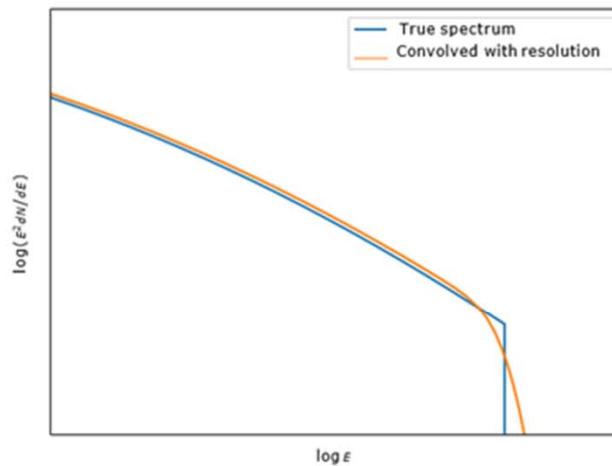
Linear scale; normalized to Meyer 2010 fit



- 1-10 TeV agreement within 20%
- More variation above 10 TeV
- All log-parabola except Hegra
- Parameters depend on Energy range
 - even more below .1 TeV
- Most IACT data stopped at ~ 40 TeV
- Fits emphasize lower energies (smaller error bars)

Searching for High Energy Photons

- True high-energy photons can be “spoofed” in two ways: by background (hadronic) events or by misreconstructed lower-energy photons.
- So compute expected number of background and misreconstructed events above some energy E_{cut} and compute p -value of observed count under this Poisson mean.
- Adjust E_{cut} to achieve 95% (or desired) confidence level.



$$\Phi_{\text{observed}}(E) = \Phi_{\text{emitted}}(E) \Theta(E_{\text{cut}} - E).$$

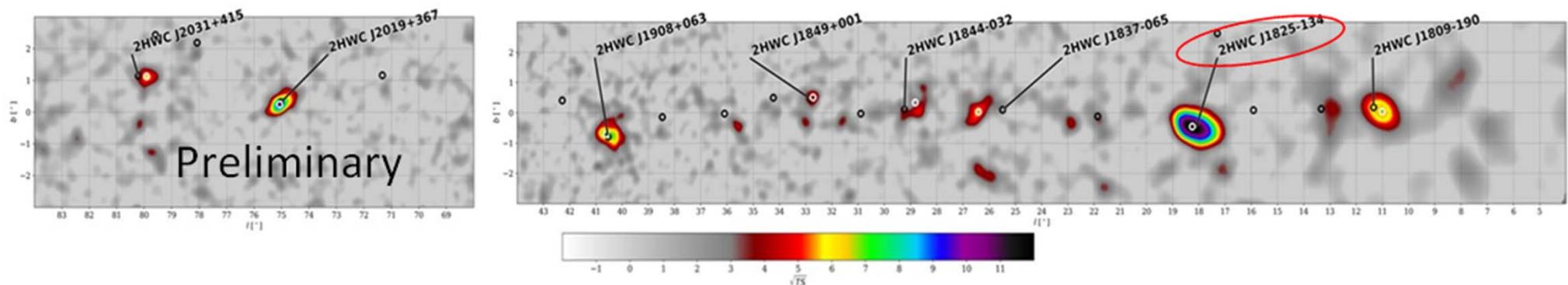
Nice property

- Result is independent of shape of $\Phi_{\text{emitted}}(E)$ above E_{cut} , so robust against uncertainties about highest-energy photon acceleration at source.

Same technique as in LIV limits

See H. Martinez talk 7/31 GAI 11c

Sources: the Crab Nebula plus HE sources in Galactic Plane



Seven sources from [high-energy catalog \(above 56 TeV E_{reco}\)](#):

Crab, 2HWC J1825–134, HAWC J1839–057, 2HWC J1844–032, 2HWC J1908+063,
2HWC J2019+367, and 2HWC J2031+415. [See talk by K. Malone GA12b](#)

Crab modeled with log-parabola spectrum. Others modeled with exponentially cut off power-law spectra.

Use NN estimator (best estimated resolution); top 2 bins refined to 6 bins (decade/12 wide)

To minimize [psf](#) dependence, chose top hat for source each where significance stops changing

The sources do not prefer a fit with hard cutoff

Calculate p value for hard cutoff

= $\Pr\{\text{randomly worse change in } L(\text{cutoff})/L(\text{no cutoff})\},$
than observed, if no actual cutoff

Flat distribution with mean .5, if no cutoff

Lowest p value is .294
that source prefers a cutoff by $< 2 \sigma$

No statistically significant evidence of hard cutoffs

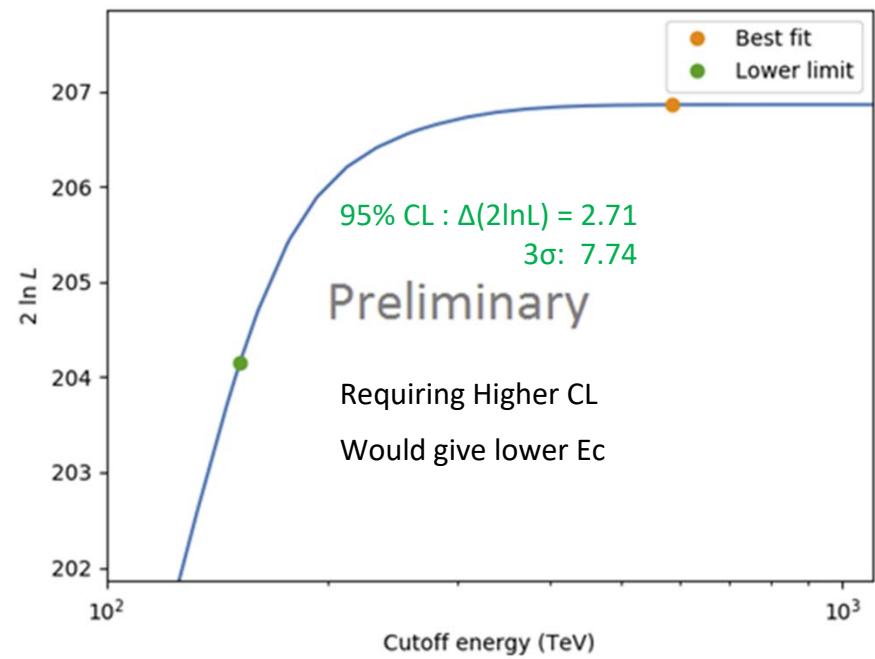
Source	Preliminary	P value
2HWC J1825-134		1.000
2HWC J1908+063		.990
Crab (HAWC)		1.000
2HWC J2031+415		.714
2HWC J2019+367		.828
HAWC J1839-057		.357
2HWC J1844-032		.294

Proceed to set limits

Walk down Likelihood Curve to 95% and 99.73% (3σ) limits:

Lower Limits on Photon Energy Observed

Source	Preliminary	$E_c(95\%)$ TeV	$E_c(3\sigma)$ TeV
2HWC J1825-134		253	168
2HWC J1908+063		213	156
Crab (HAWC)		152	96
2HWC J2031+415		144	78
2HWC J2019+367		121	86
HAWC J1839-057		79	66
2HWC J1844-032		77	63
Crab (HEGRA)			56 (2.7 σ)



Summary

New HAWC Crab spectrum to 100 TeV

using newly-improved HAWC energy estimation

Paper in press (ApJ) and arxiv [1905.12518](https://arxiv.org/abs/1905.12518)

Photons > 100 TeV observed in 5 sources at 95% CL (253 TeV)

and 2 sources at 3σ (168 TeV)

Publication on LIV limits and Highest Energy Photon in preparation