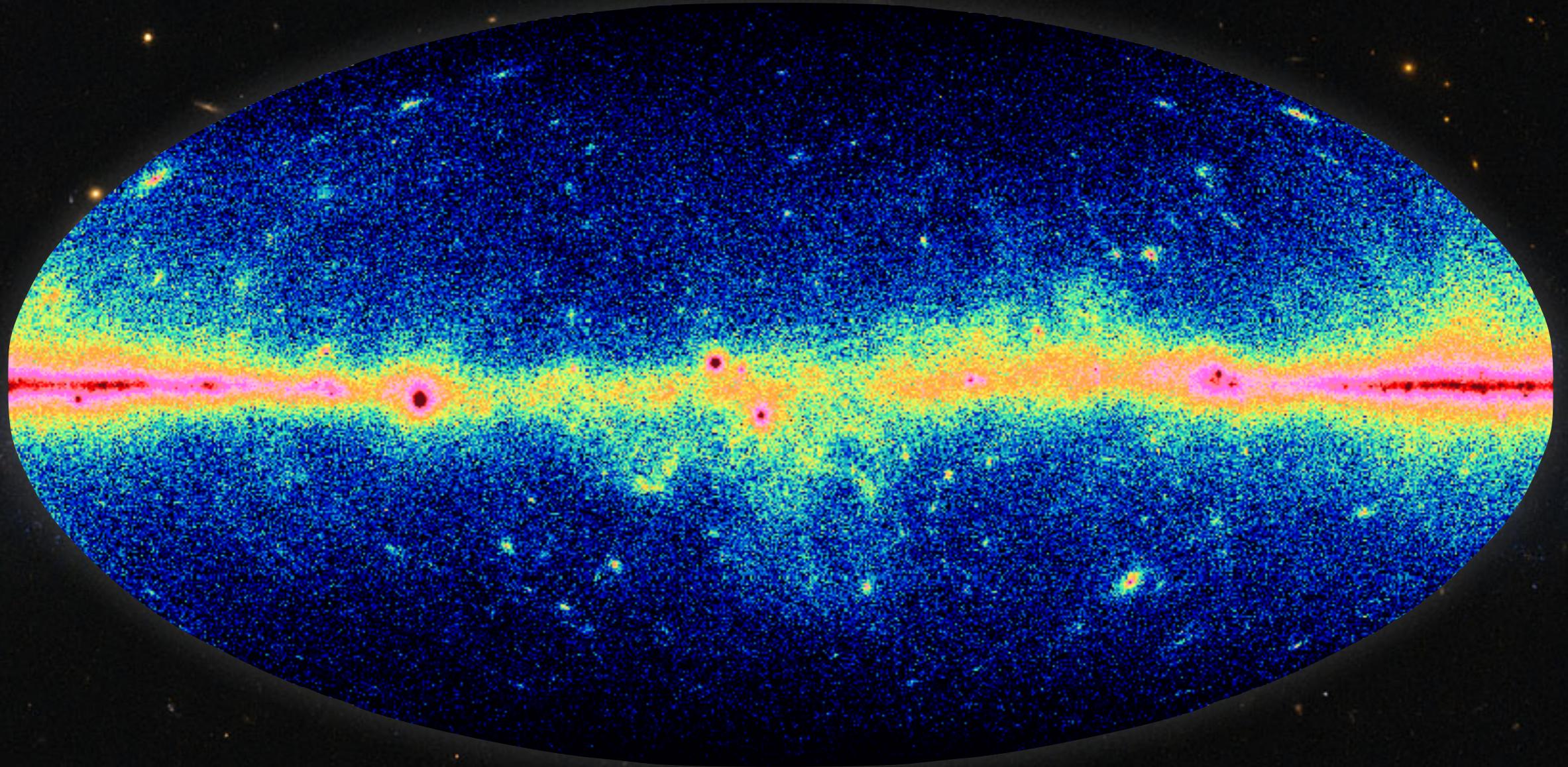


# Cosmic rays in the Orion-Eridanus superbubble



ICRC 2019 - Madison, WI, USA

**Théo Joubaud,**

**Isabelle Grenier, Jean-Marc Casandjian**  
on behalf of the Fermi-LAT collaboration

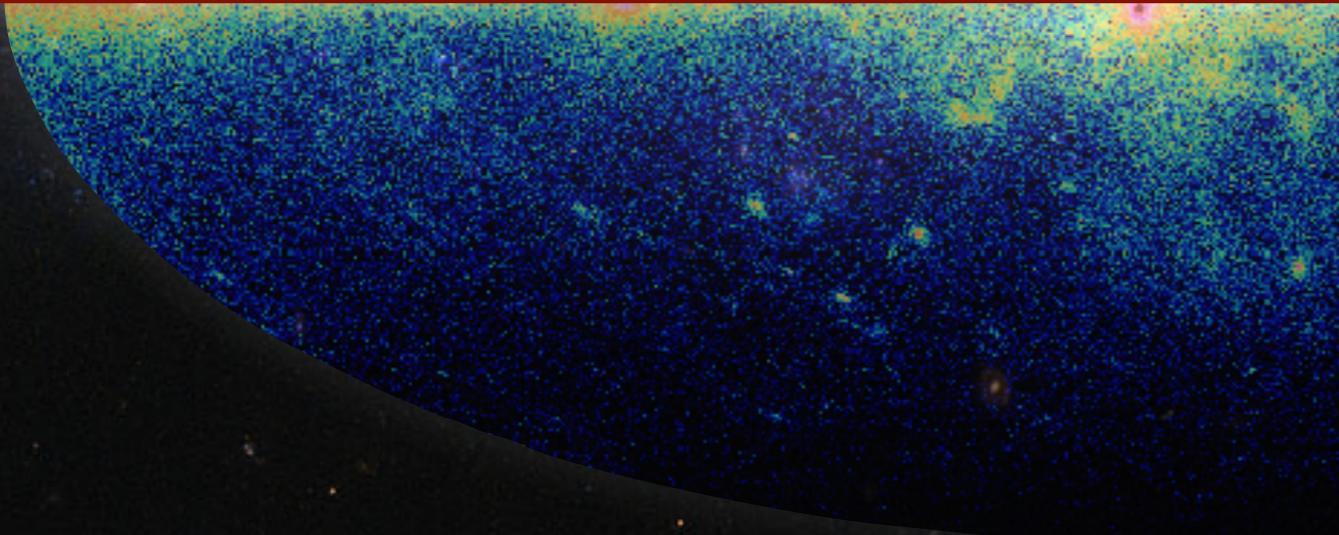


Laboratoire AIM, CEA/DRF/Irfu/Dap - CNRS - Université Paris Diderot

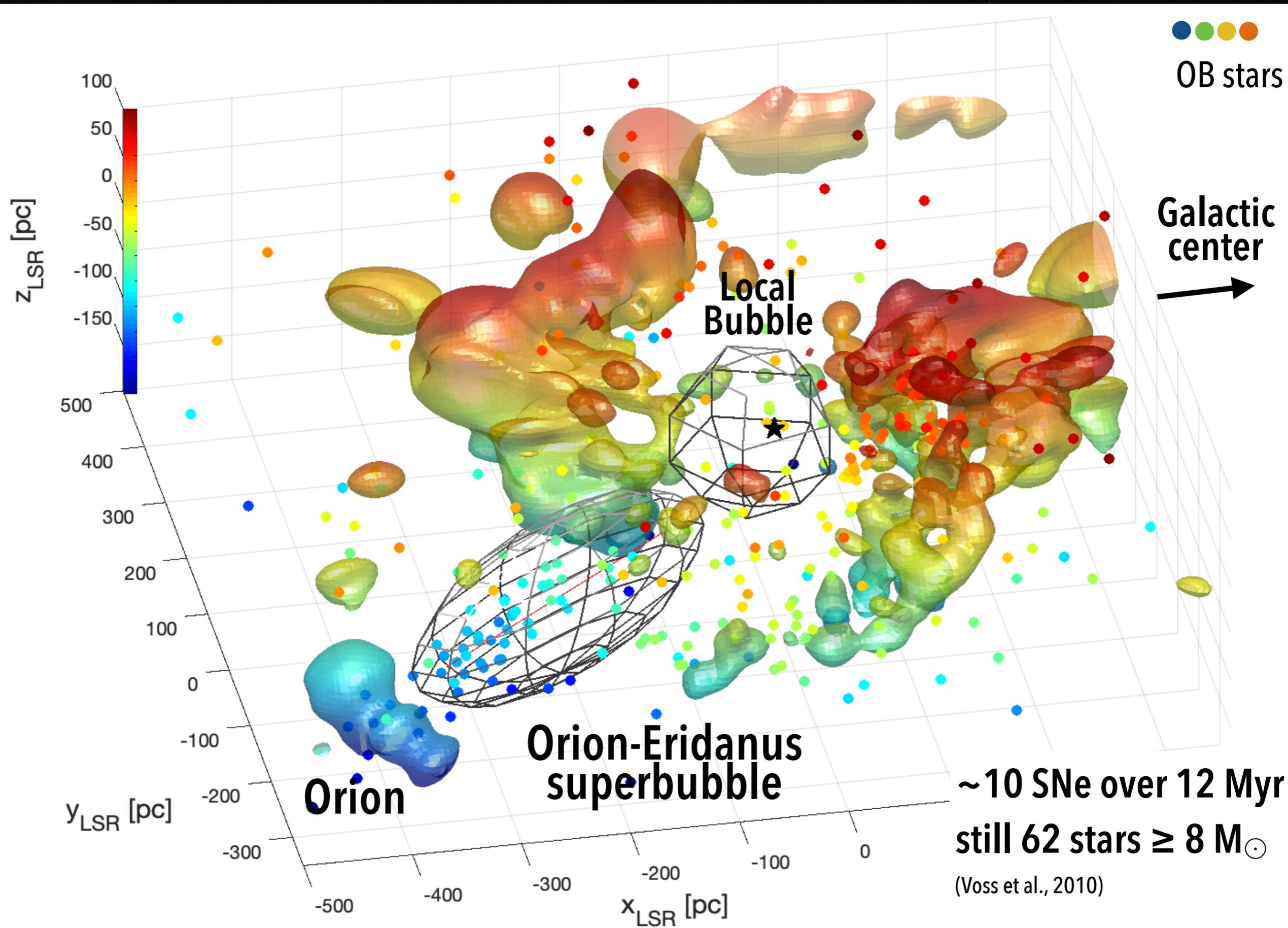
# Cosmic ray origins ?

## *Superbubbles*

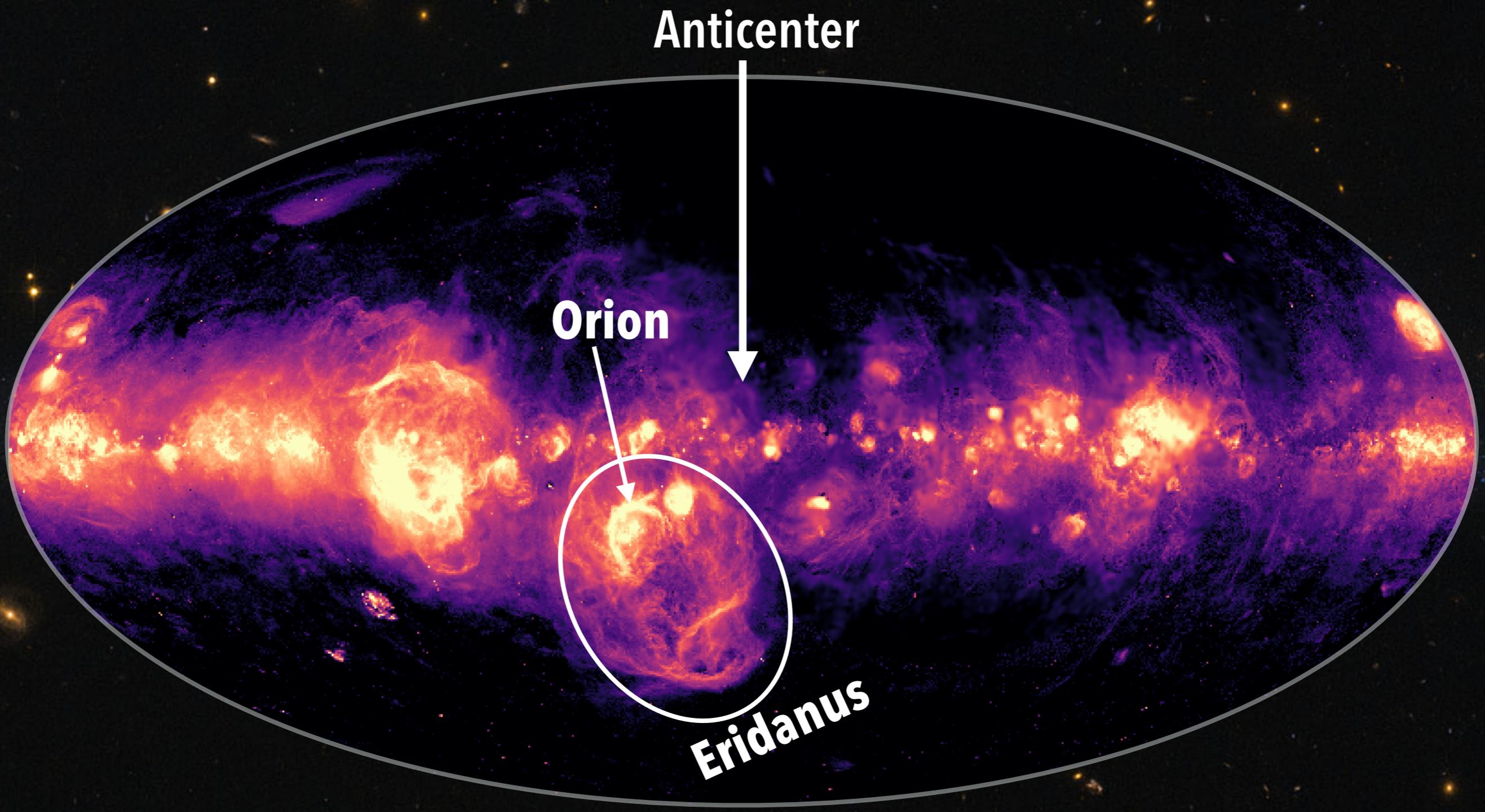
- **Origin of CR  $> 10$  TeV ?** (Bykov and Toptygin, 2001; Parizot et al., 2004)
- **Mechanism : Diffusive Shock Acceleration (Fermi 1)  
+ Diffusion in momentum due to MHD turbulence (Fermi 2)**
- **One example : Cygnus X superbubble, Fermi+HAWC up to TeV  $\gamma$  rays** (Ackermann et al., 2011)



# The Orion-Eridanus superbubble



# H $\alpha$ recombining gas

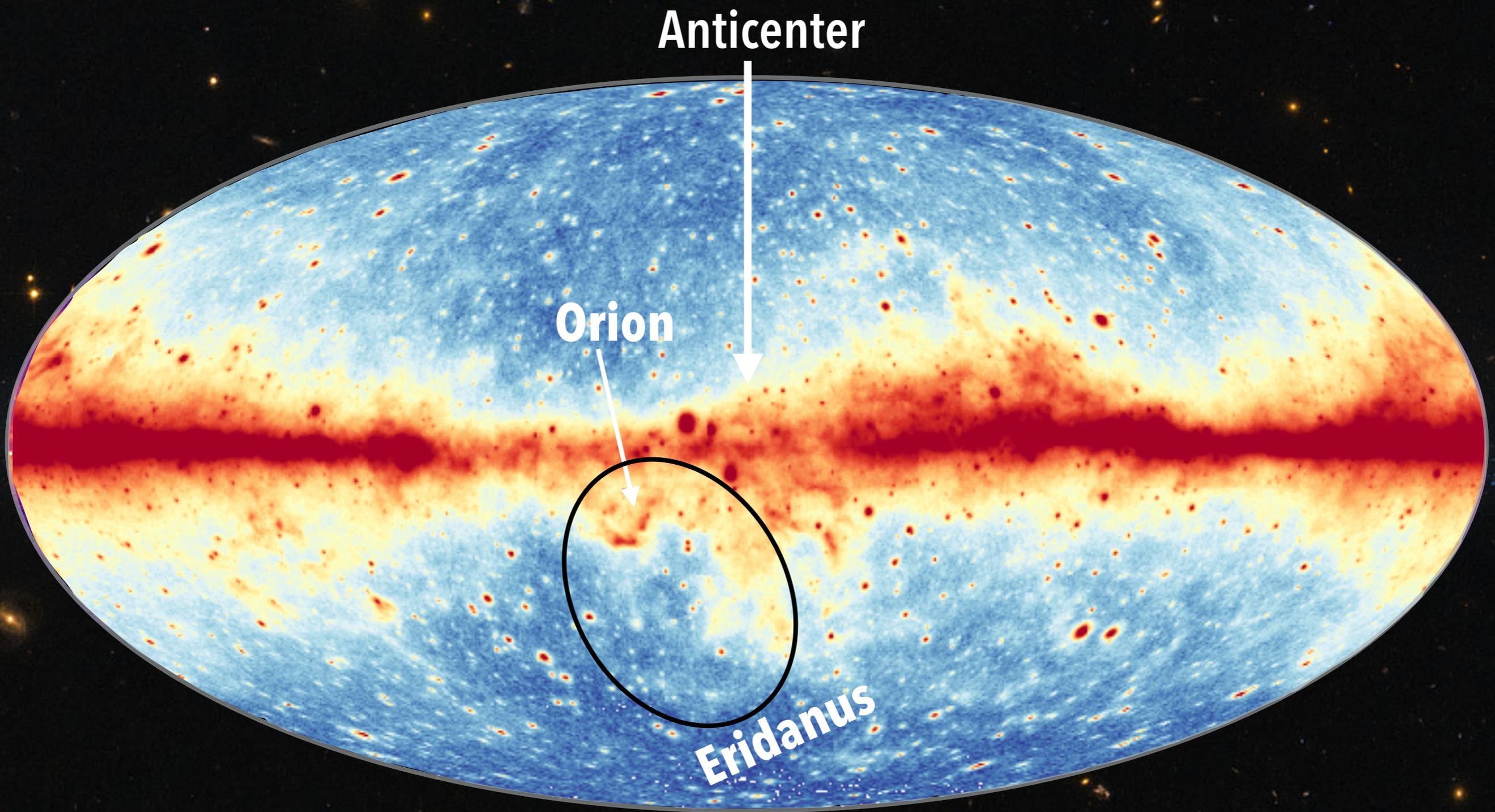


Anticenter

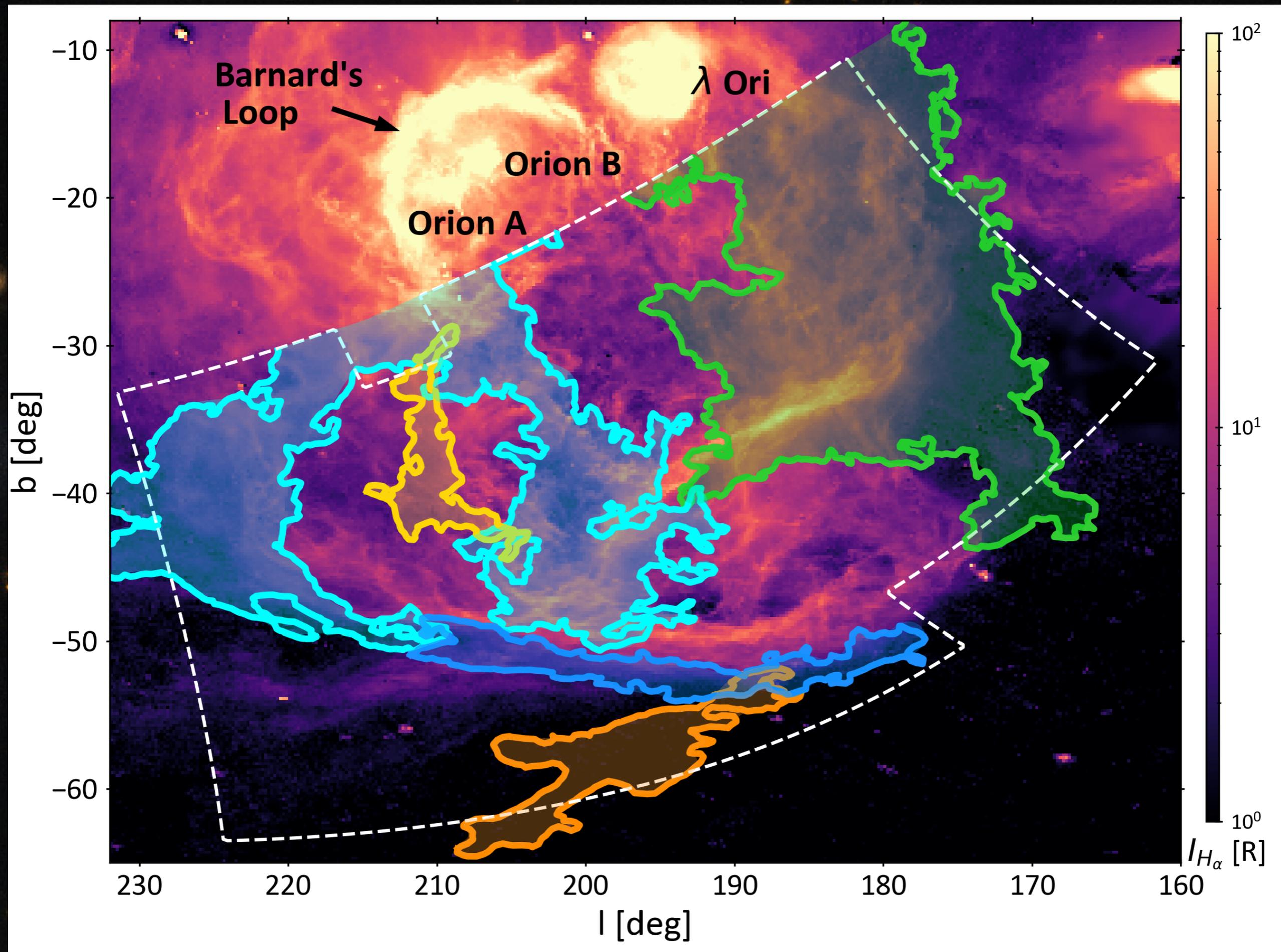
Orion

Eridanus

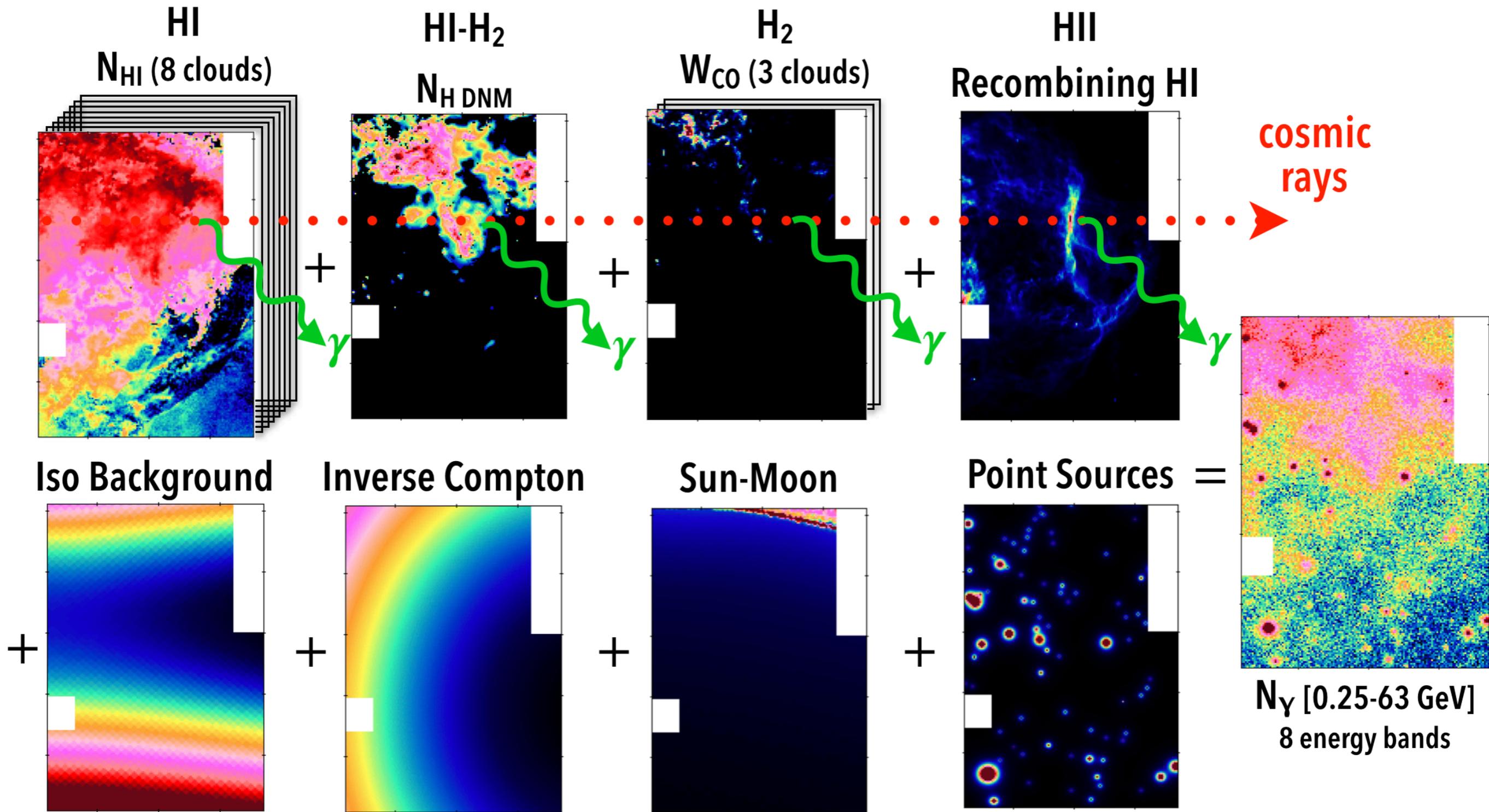
**Fermi-LAT  $> 400$  MeV**



# Cloud components in the superbubble

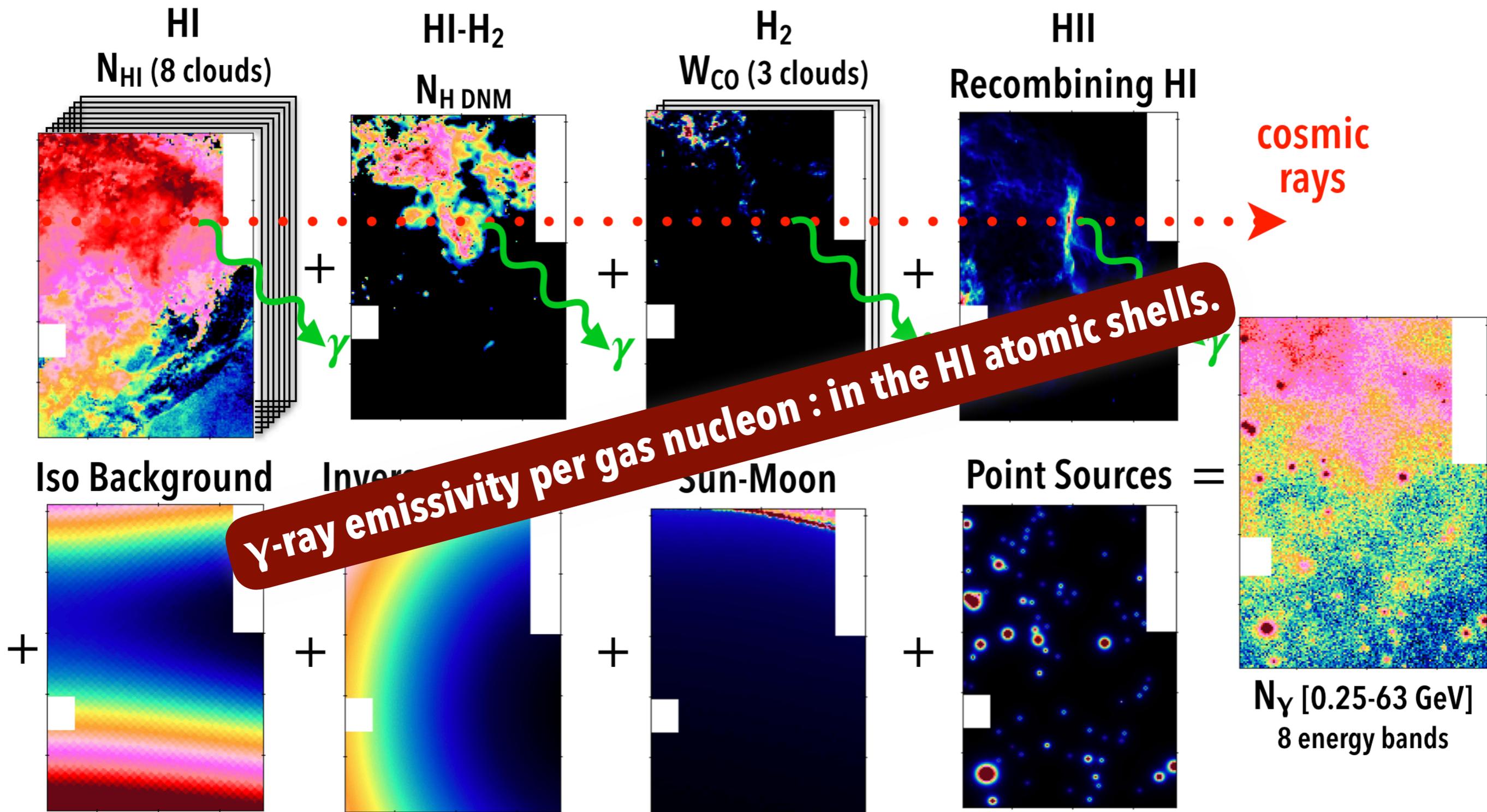


# $\gamma$ -ray model fitted to the LAT data



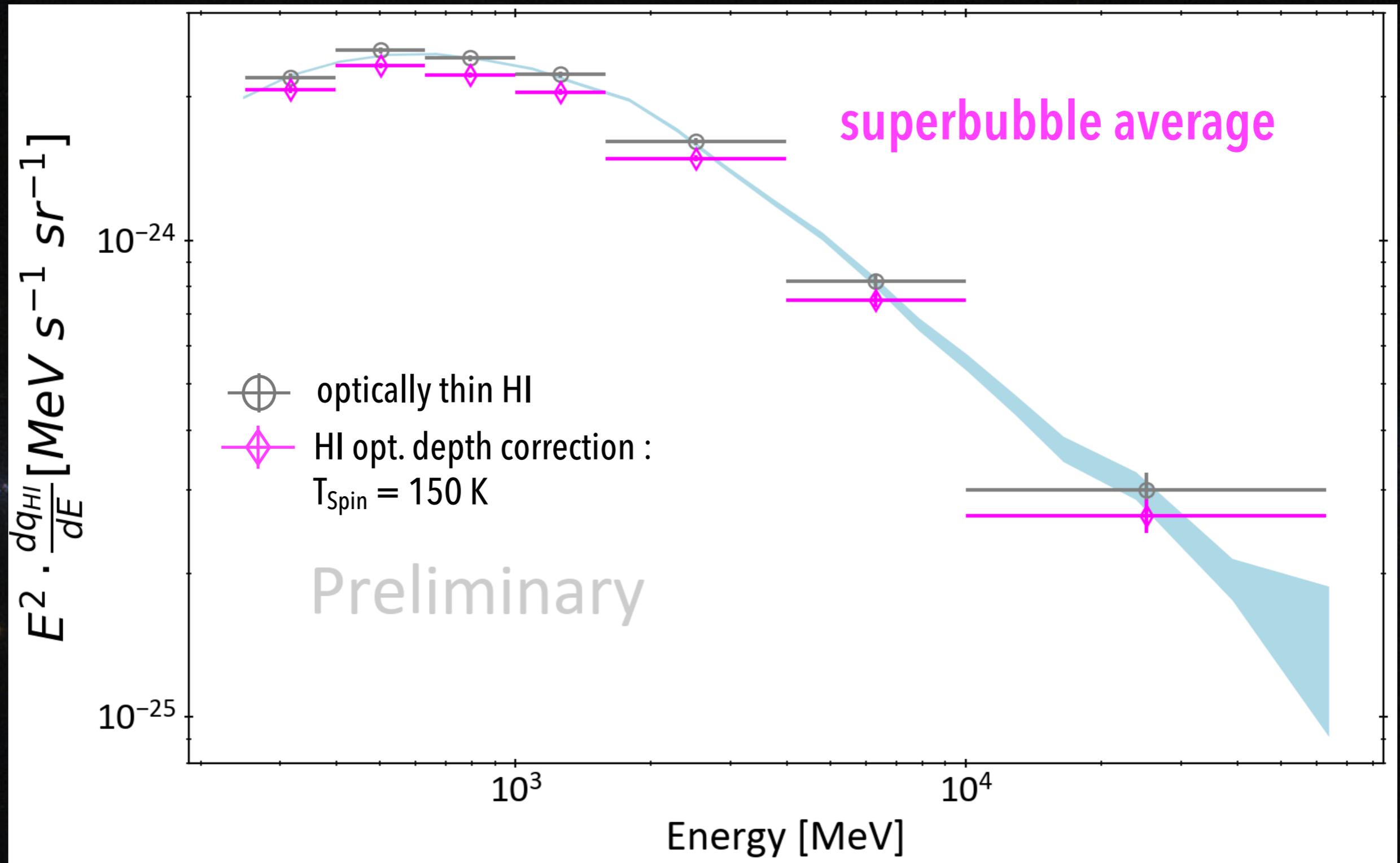
HI : HI4PI 2016, CO : CfA (Dame et al. 2001) + SEST, H $\alpha$  : VTSS, SHASSA, WHAM (Finkbeiner 2003), Dust : Planck + IRAS optical depth at 353 GHz,  $\gamma$  : Fermi-LAT, 10 years, 0.25-63 GeV

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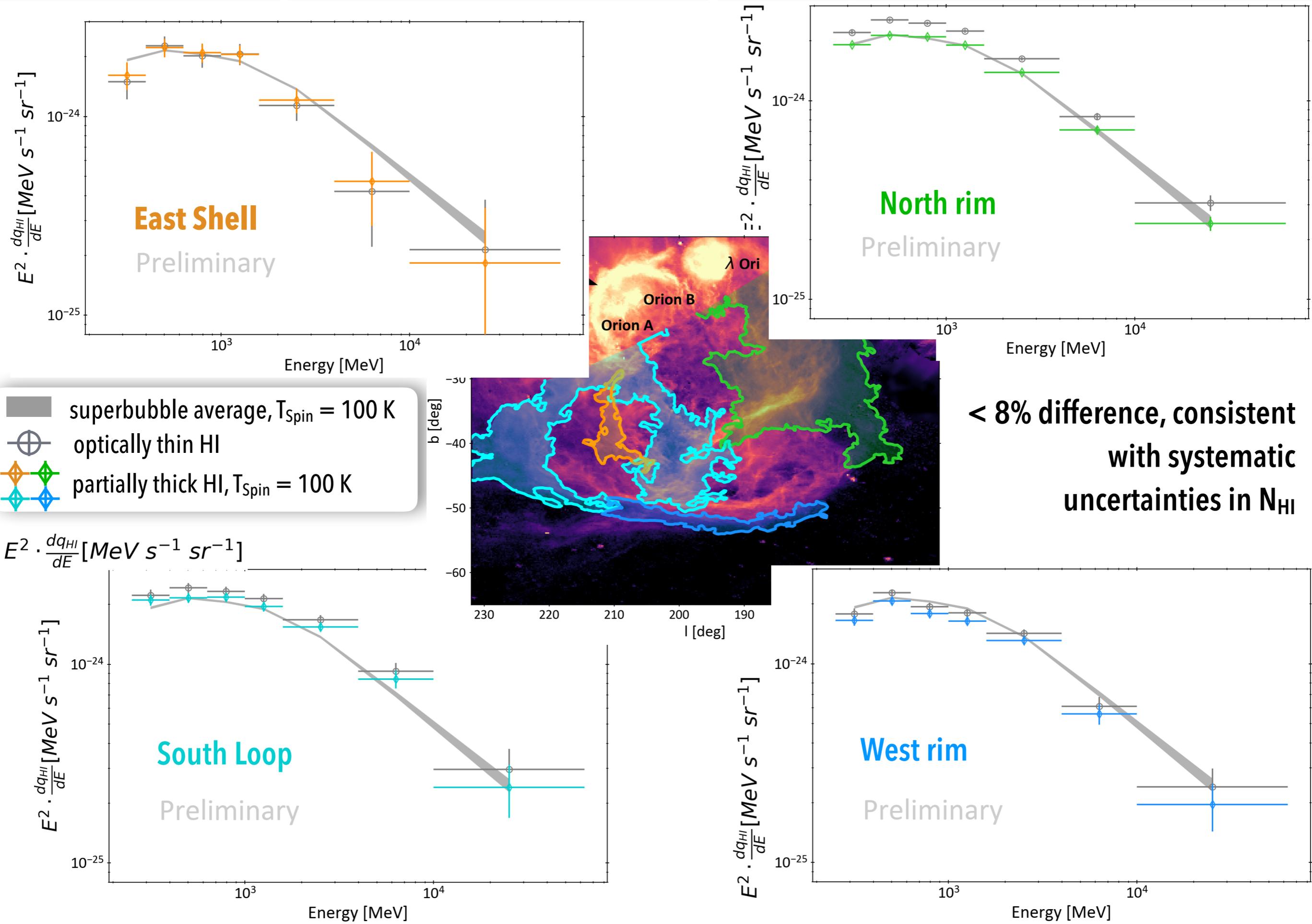
# no hardening in the $\gamma$ -ray emissivity spectrum



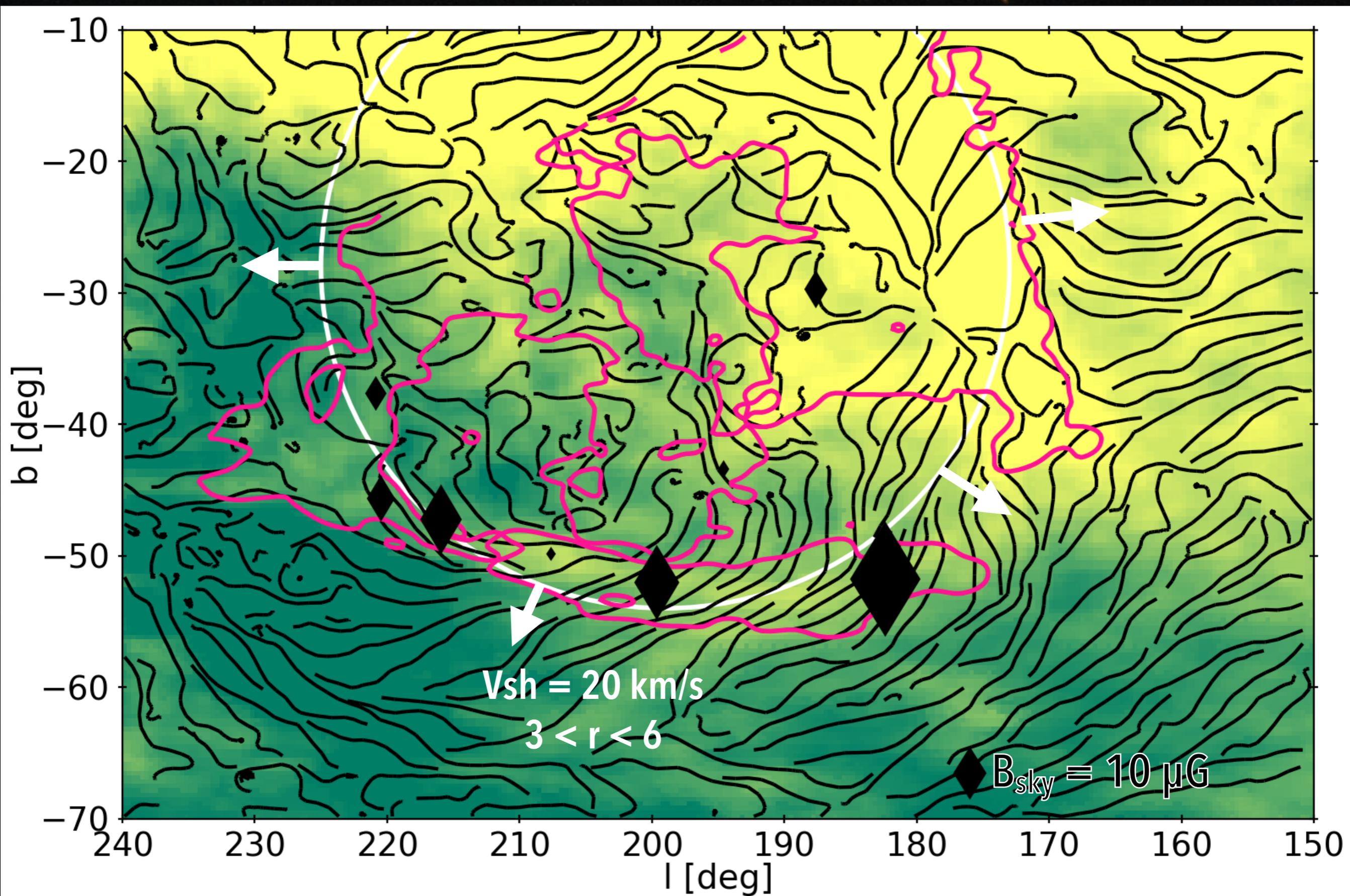
**6% difference ( $12 \sigma$ )  
inherent to  $N_{\text{HI}}$  uncertainty**

Local ISM average,  $T_{\text{Spin}} = 140 \text{ K}$   
(Casandjian 2015)

# uniform spectra in the superbubble

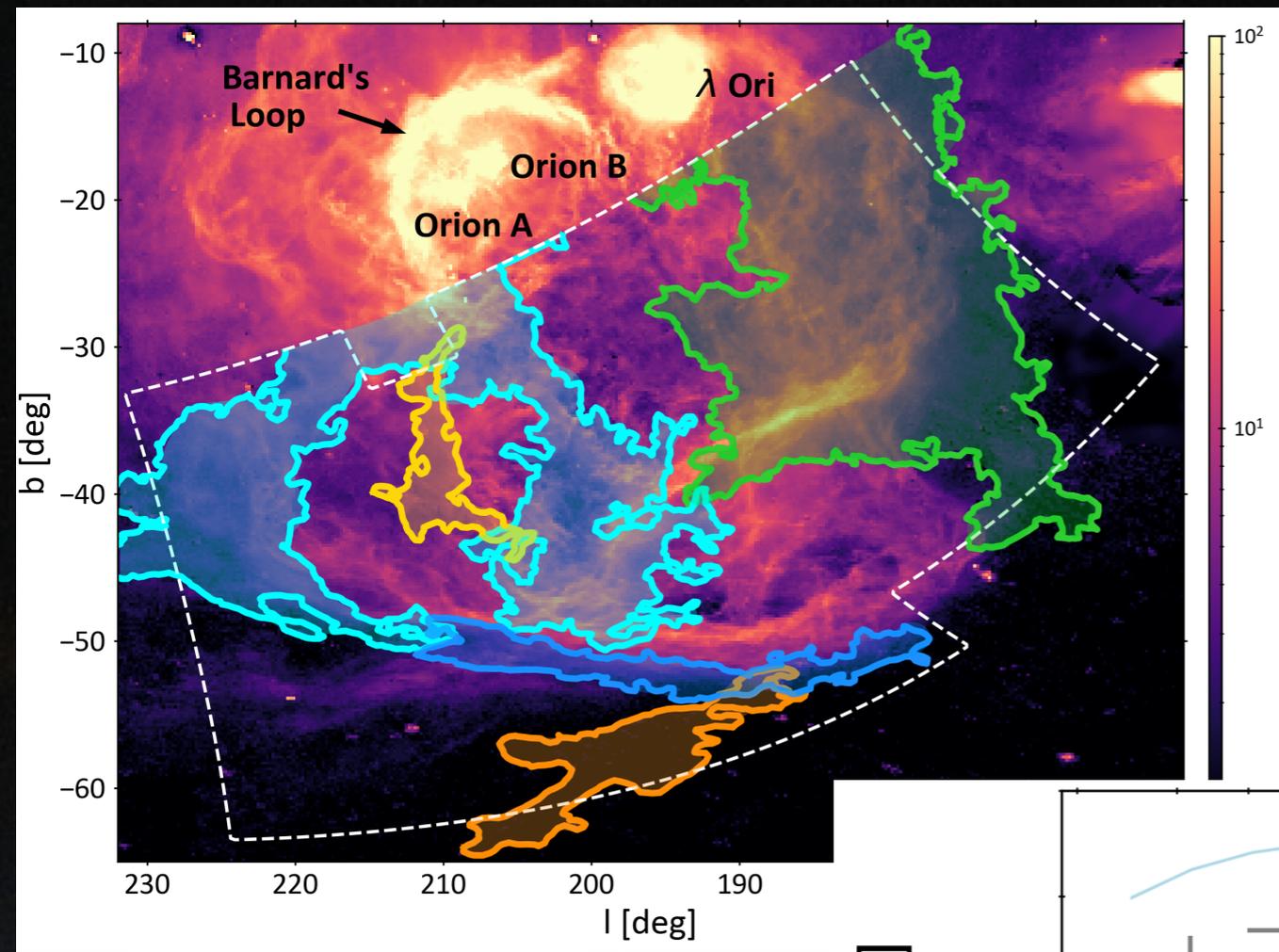


# Wrapped, compressed magnetic field



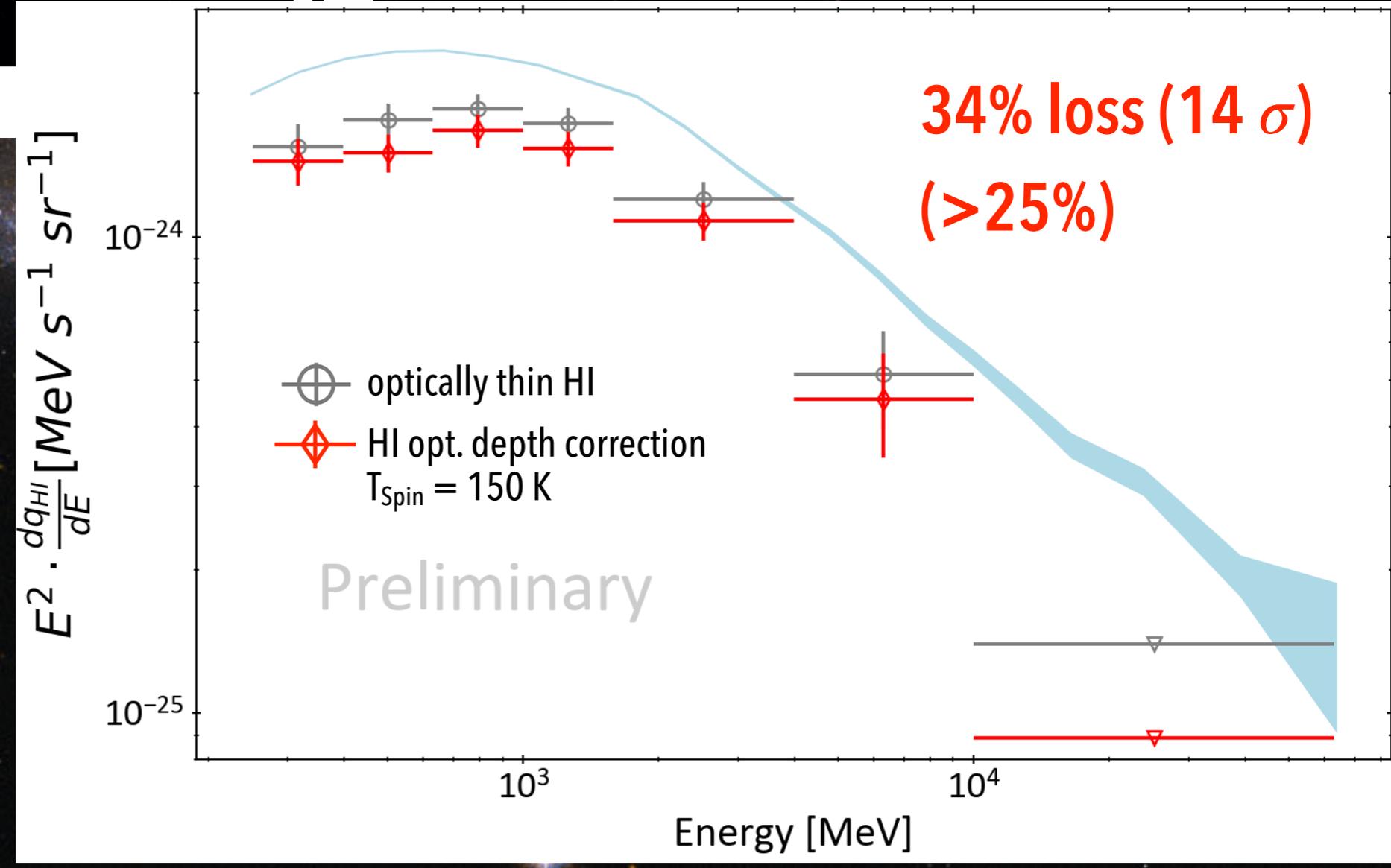
*Planck dust polarised emission at 353 GHz + HI (LAB) + HI contours ( $0.5^\circ$  smoothing)*

# Loss of cosmic rays in a diffuse cirrus outside the superbubble

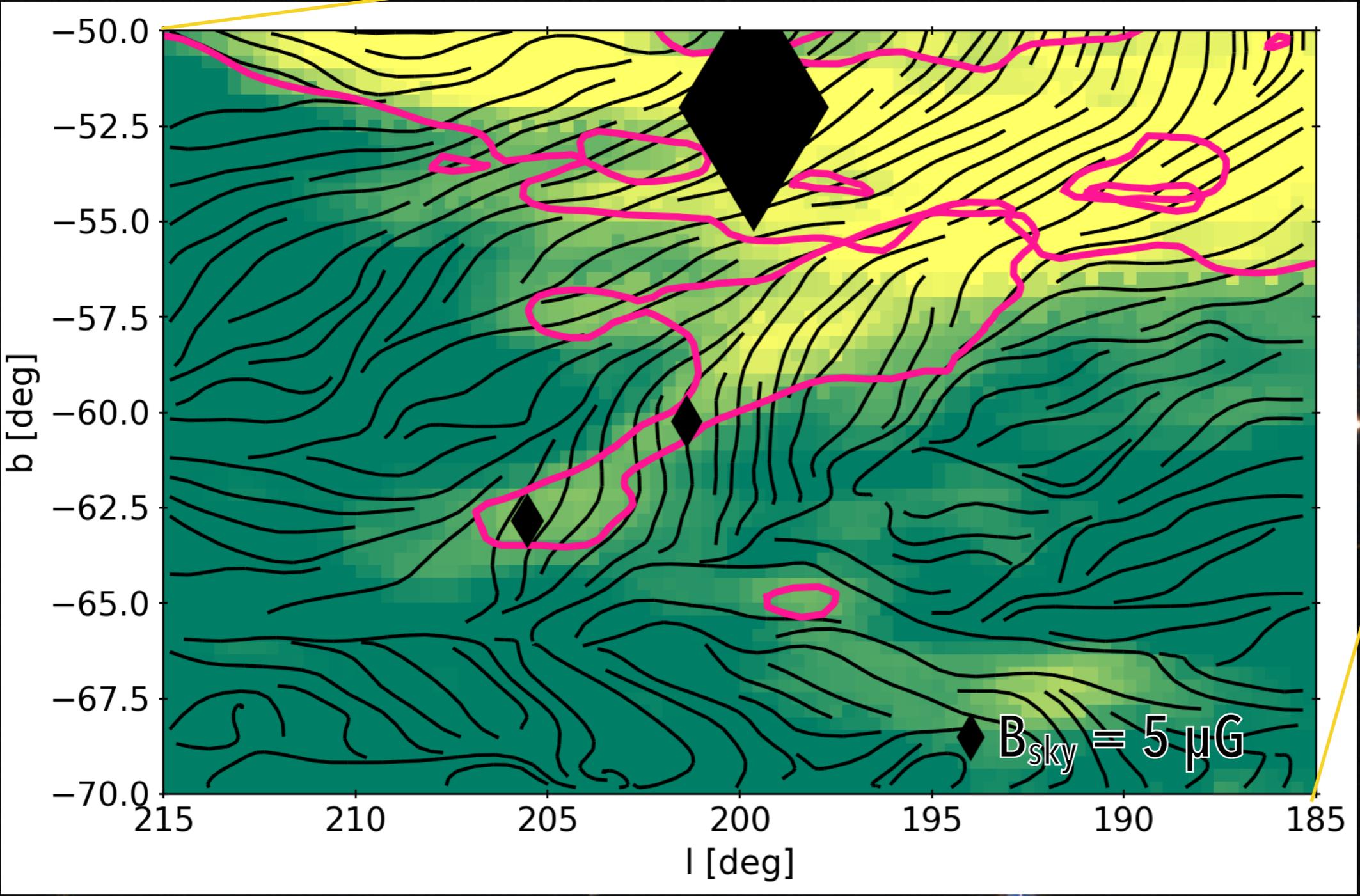
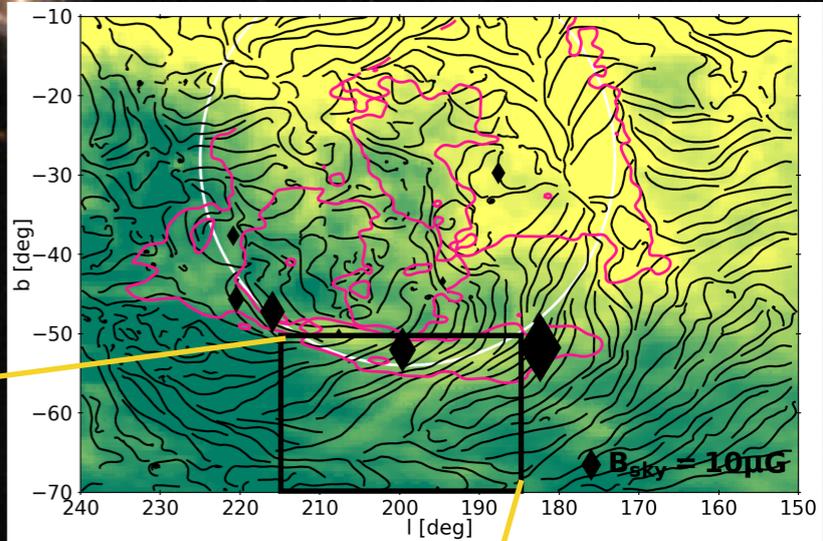


Eridu cirrus  
 $D = 200-300 \text{ pc}$

Local ISM average,  $T_{\text{Spin}} = 140 \text{ K}$   
 (Casandjian 2015)



# diffusion along B-field lines pointing to the halo?



$B_{\text{sky}}$  estimates  
(Joubaud et al. submitted)

Planck dust polarised emission at 353 GHz + HI (LAB) + HI contours (0.5° smoothing)

# Conclusions

- **Little impact of MHD turbulence on CR propagation at  $\sim 3\text{-}600$  GeV,**
- **no spectral hardening indicating (re)acceleration,**
- **unexpected « grey » loss of 34% in a cirrus cloud outside the superbubble.**

***Thank you for your attention !***