

# Reverse Direct Detection: Cosmic Rays Scattering With Light Dark Matter



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Soon:  
GRAPPA, U of Amsterdam

# Reverse Direct Detection:

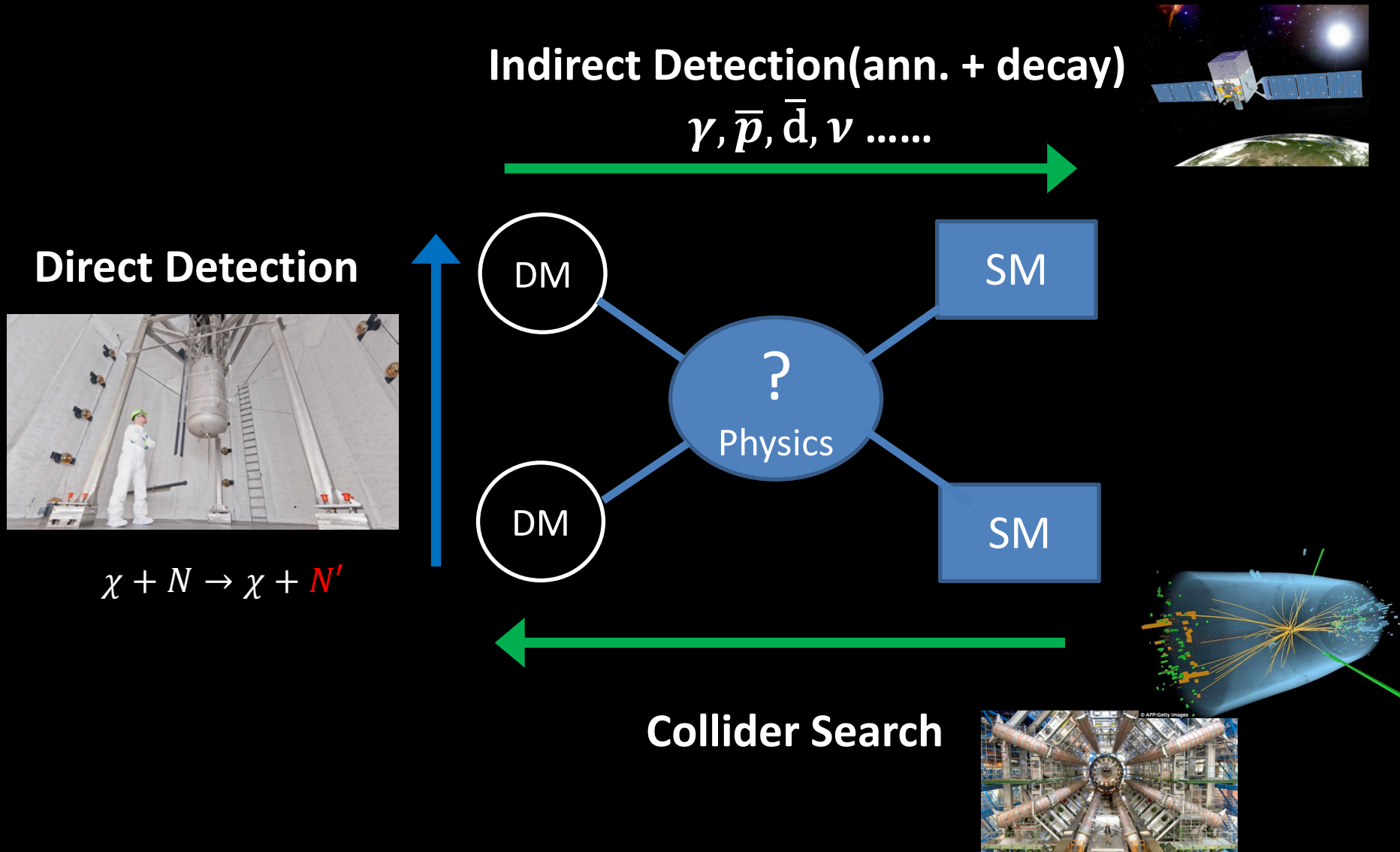
## Cosmic Rays Scattering With Light Dark Matter

- arXiv:1810.07705
- Christopher Cappiello (OSU), KCYN, John Beacom (OSU)



- Related works:
  - Cappiello, Beacom (arxiv: 1906.11283)
  - + others

# Finding Dark Matter



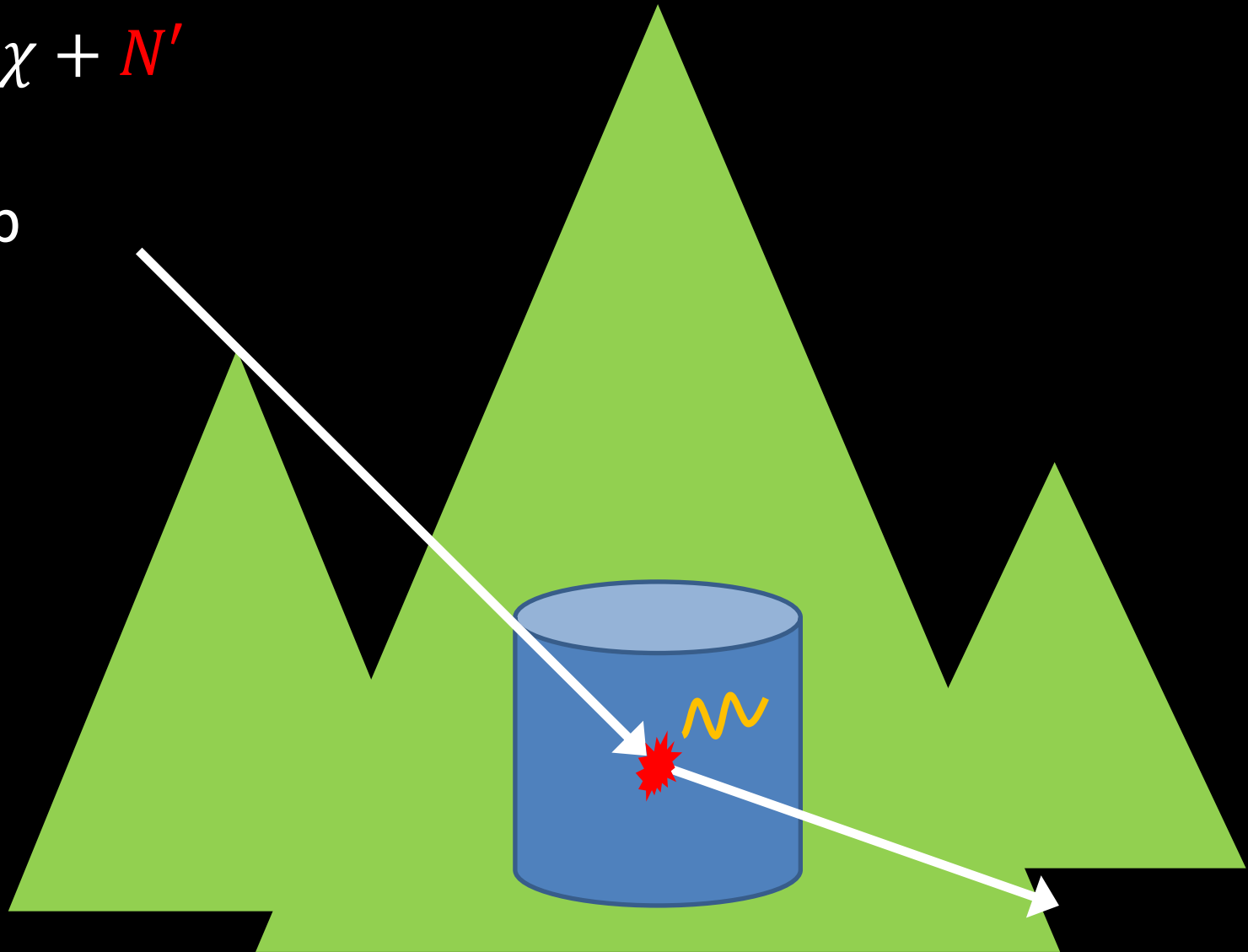
# Direct Detection

- $\chi + N \rightarrow \chi + N'$

- JinPing lab  
– 2400m

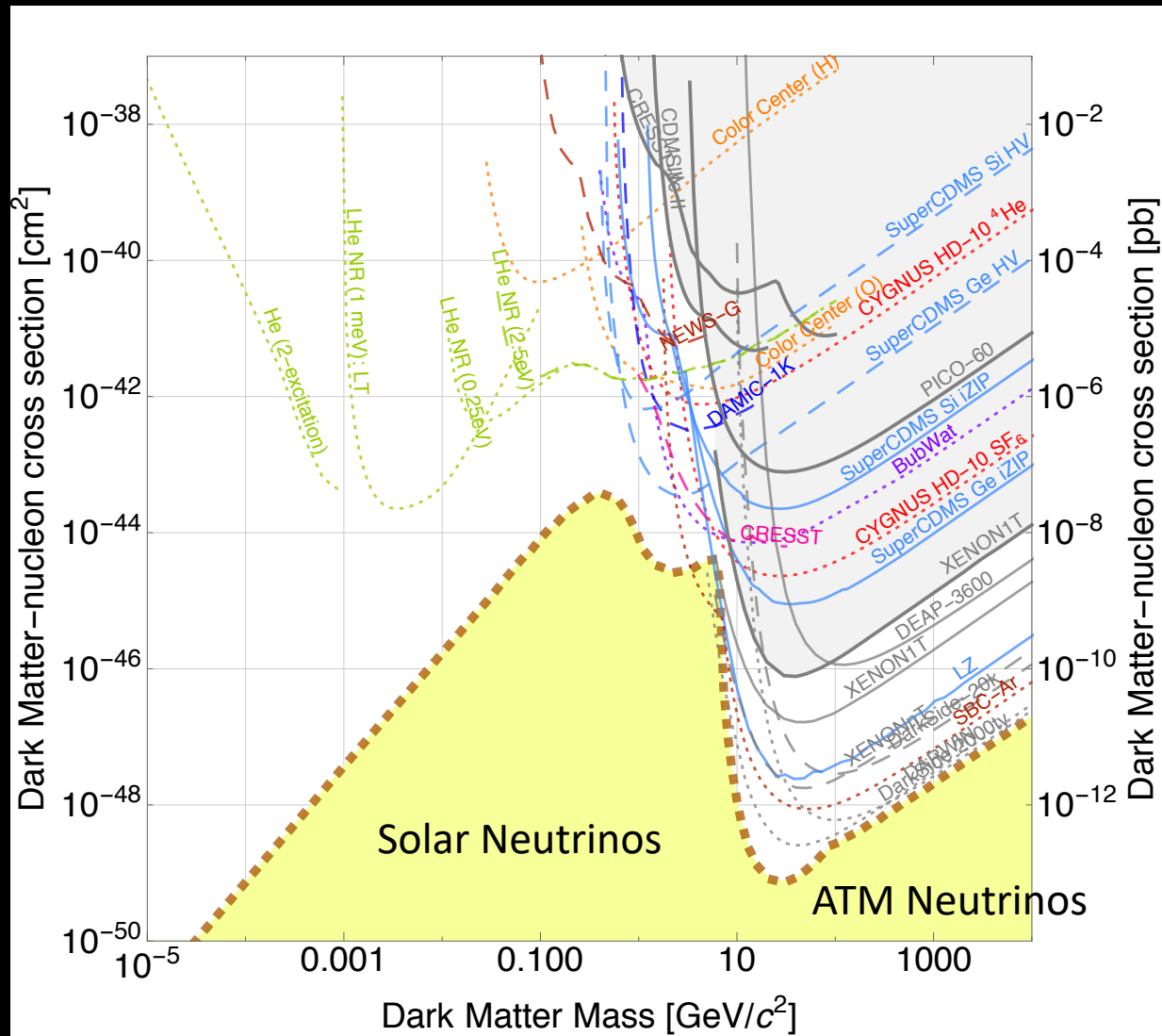


x 8





# Direct Detection

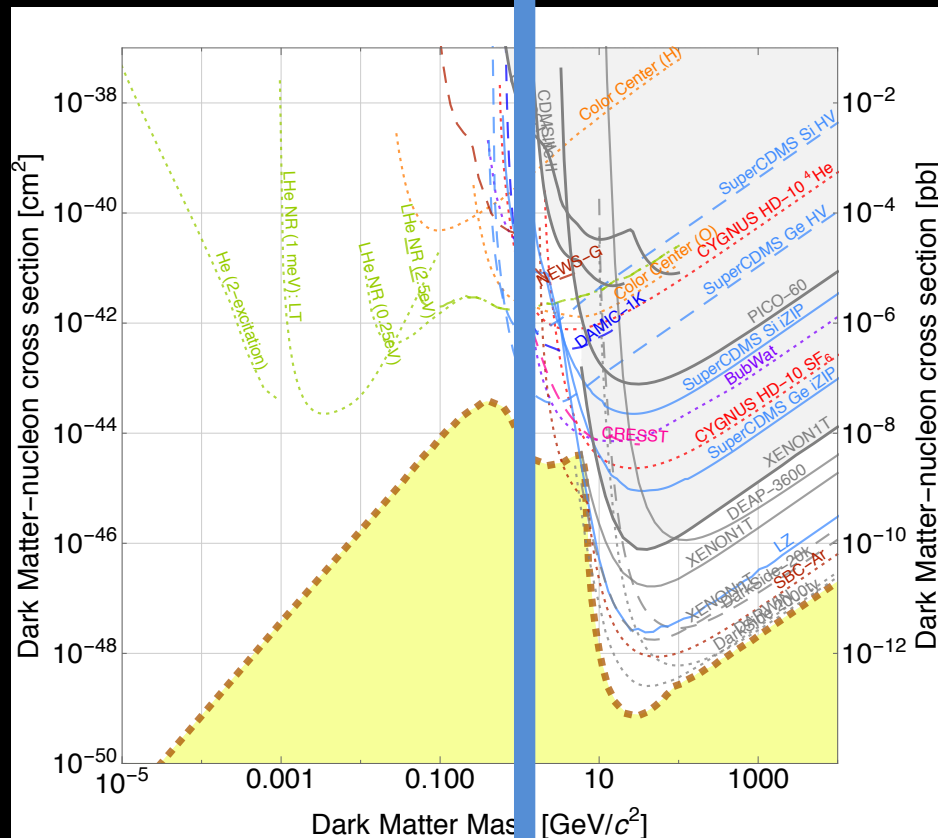


Next generation experiments will reach the neutrino floor

# US Cosmic Visions: New Ideas in Dark Matter

## 2017 : Community Report [1707.04591]

# Direct Detection

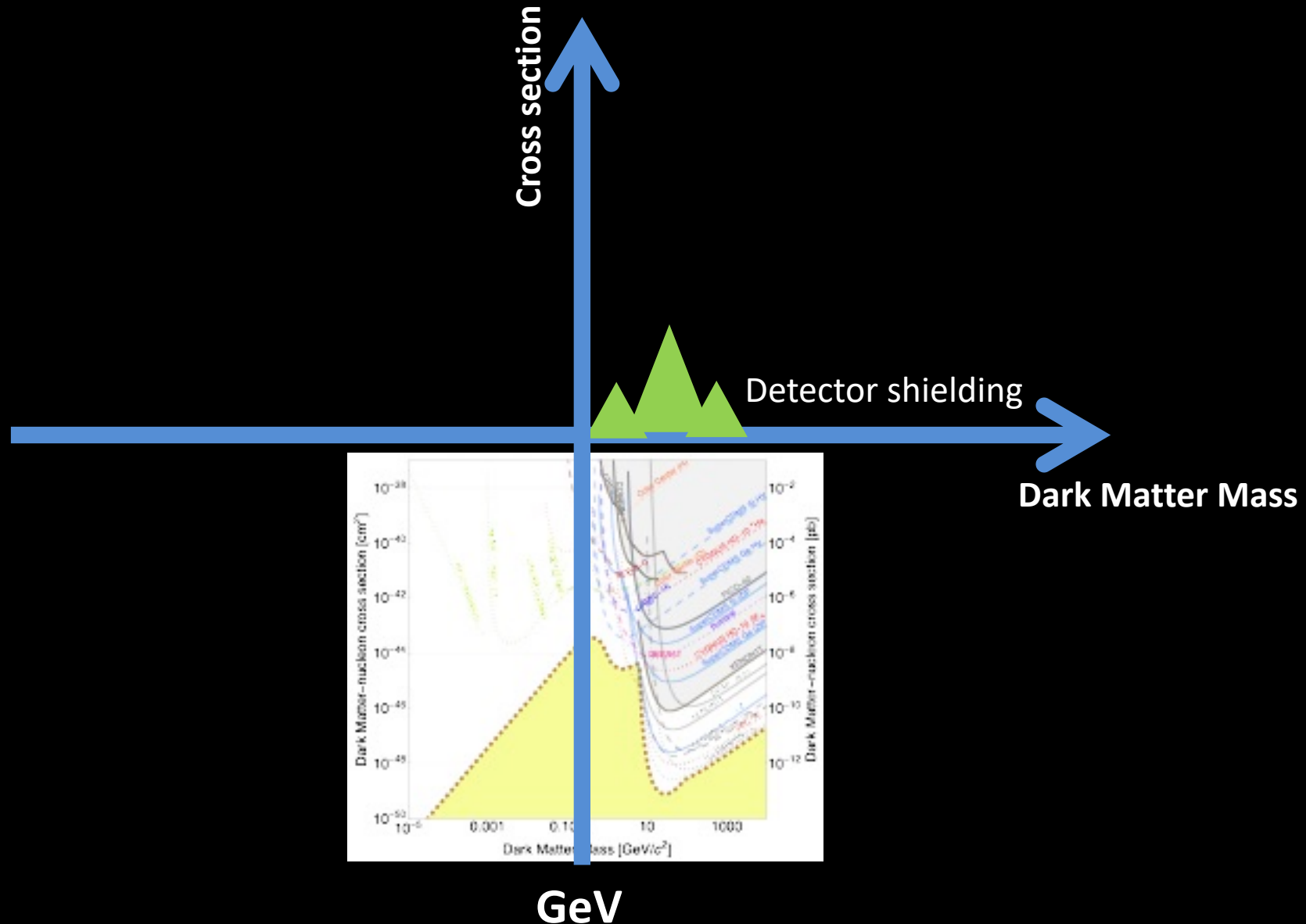


Detector Threshold  $\sim$  keV

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Energy transfer} &\sim m_\chi v^2 \\ v &\sim 10^{-3}c \end{aligned}$$

## New detection ideas needed for light DM

# Direct Detection Full landscape



# Direct Detection Full landscape

Large Cross Section  
Low Mass

- > Astrophysical Probes
- CMB/structure formation
- Cosmic rays

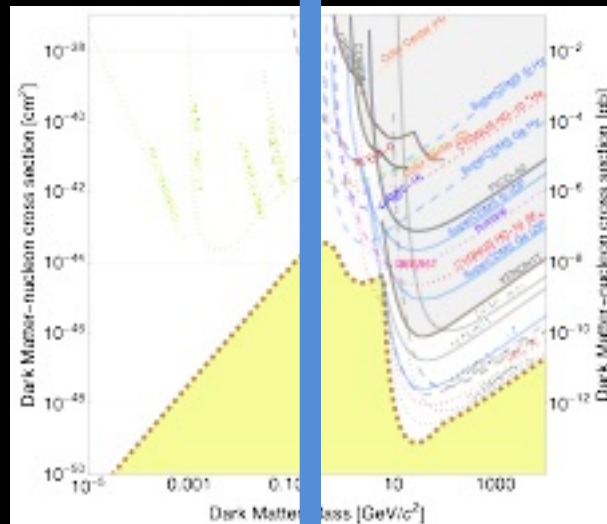
Surface experiments  
Space experiments

Detector shielding

Dark Matter Mass

## New detection ideas

- Dirac Materials
- Polar Materials
- Super-Fluid He
- Super-Cond. Al
- Color Center/defects
- Graphene
- .....

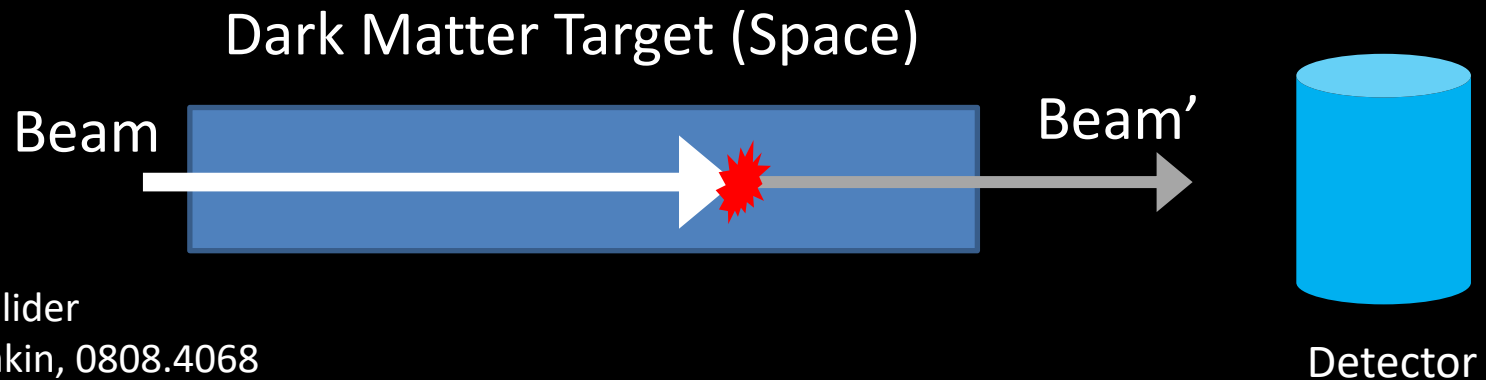
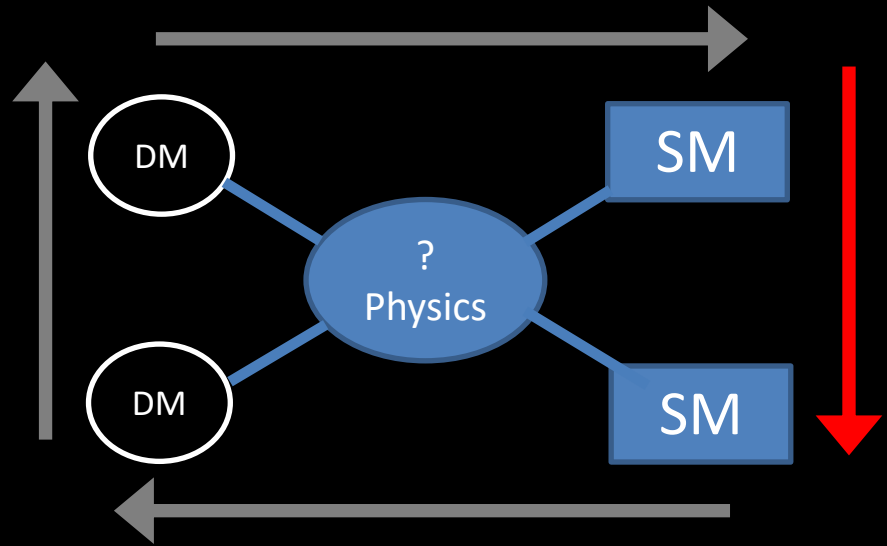


GeV

Neutrino floor  
Imminent

# Reverse Direct Detection

- Direct detection
  - $\chi + N \rightarrow \chi + N'$
- Reverse Direct Detection
  - $N + \chi \rightarrow N' + \chi$

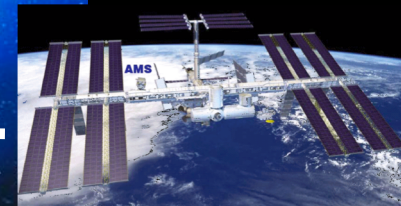
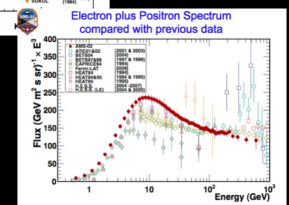
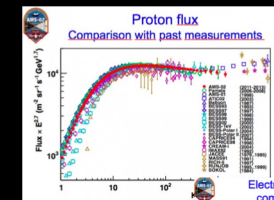
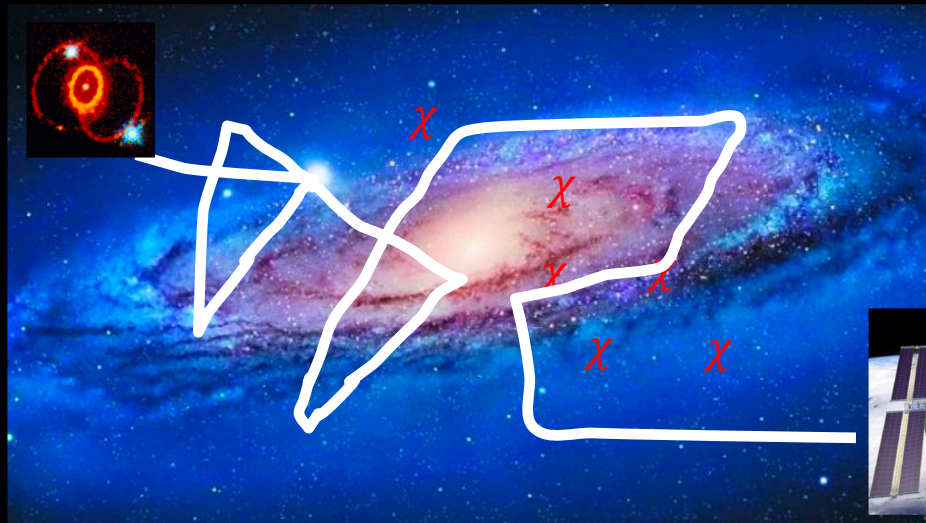


In collider  
Kryshkin, 0808.4068  
Kahn, Schmitt, 0806.2487

# Cosmic Ray Scattering with DM

Cappiello, *KCYN*, Beacom  
1810.07705

- Beam: Cosmic Rays
- Target: MW DM halo (path length  $\sim$  Mpc)
- Effect: excessive energy loss to the cosmic rays
- Light DM: More target!  $n_\chi = \rho_\chi/m_\chi$





# Leaky Box model

$$\frac{N(E)}{T_{esc}(E)} + \frac{d}{dE} \left( \frac{E N(E)}{T_{loss}(E)} \right) = Q(E)$$

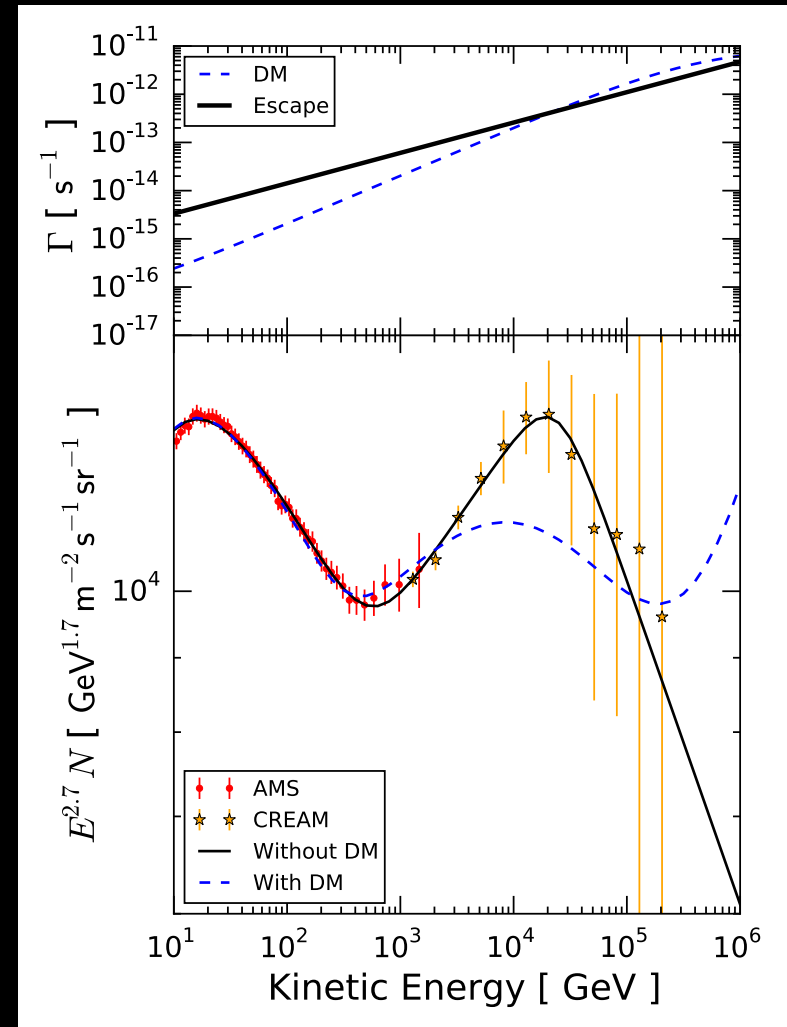
- Cross section:
  - energy independent
- $T_{esc}$ :
  - power law
  - Norm. set by CR lifetime
- Injection spectrum:
  - Double broken power law
  - Norm.  $\sim$  supernova energy budget

# Proton scattering

1keV  
 $\sim 10^{-27} \text{ cm}^2$

$$\frac{N(E)}{T_{esc}(E)} + \frac{d}{dE} \left( \frac{E N(E)}{T_{loss}(E)} \right) = Q(E)$$

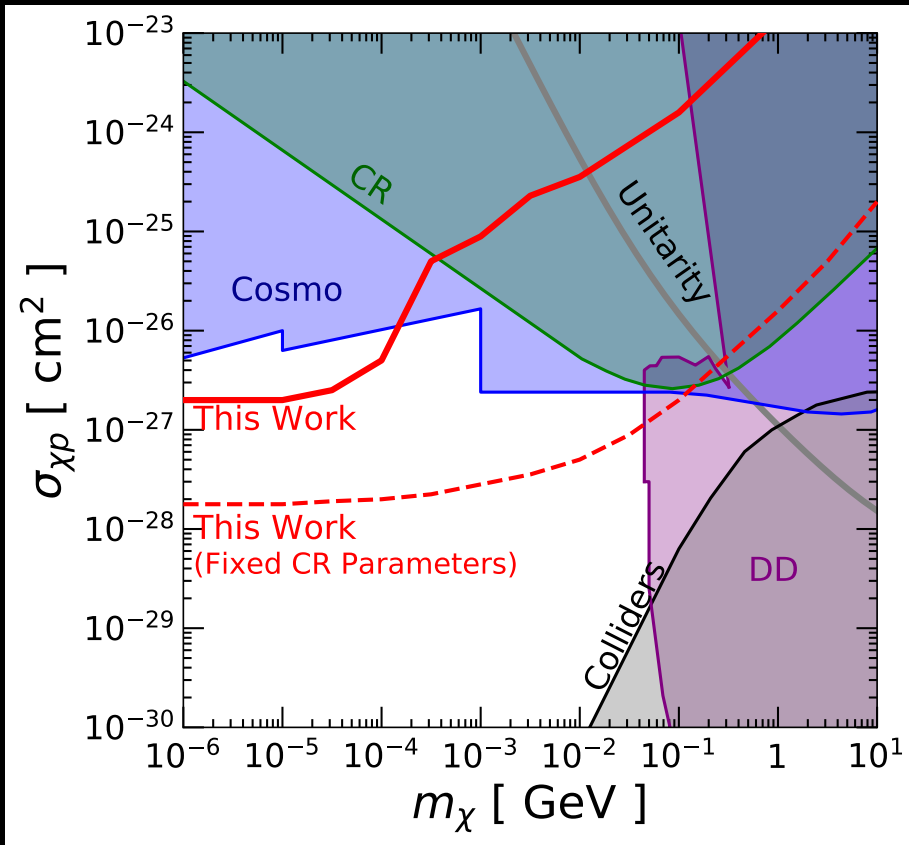
- Spectrum distortion
- Energy budget (conservative)
- Electrons
  - Add Syn+IC energy loss



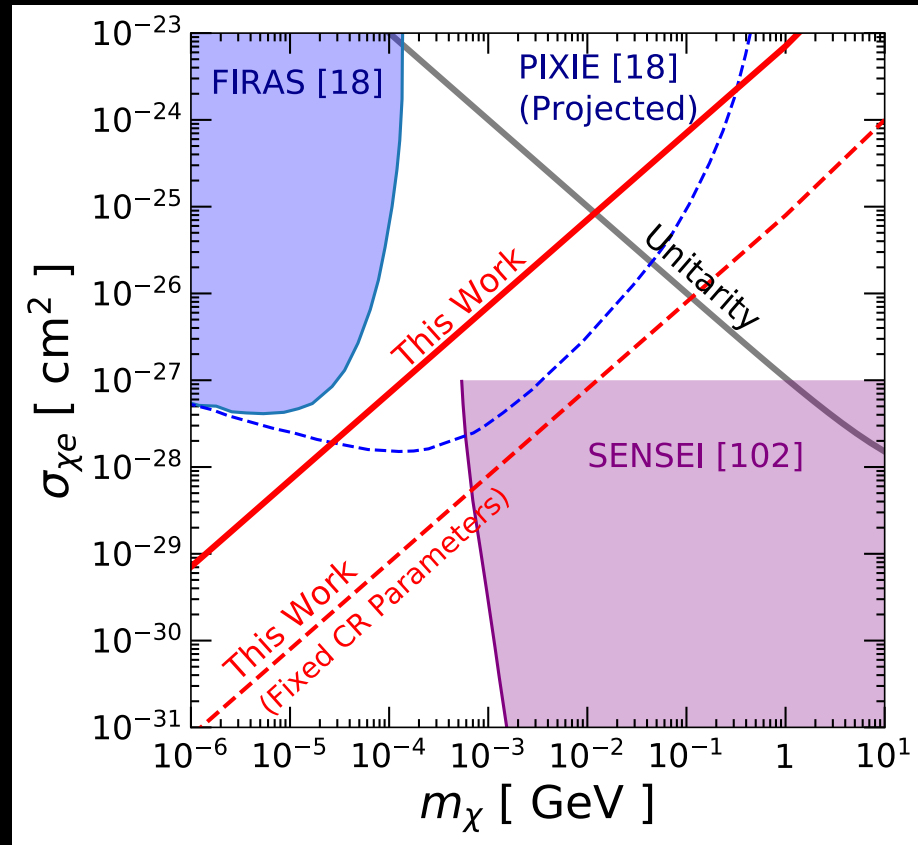
Cappiello, **KCYN**, Beacom  
 1810.07705

# Cosmic Ray Scattering with DM

## Proton Scattering

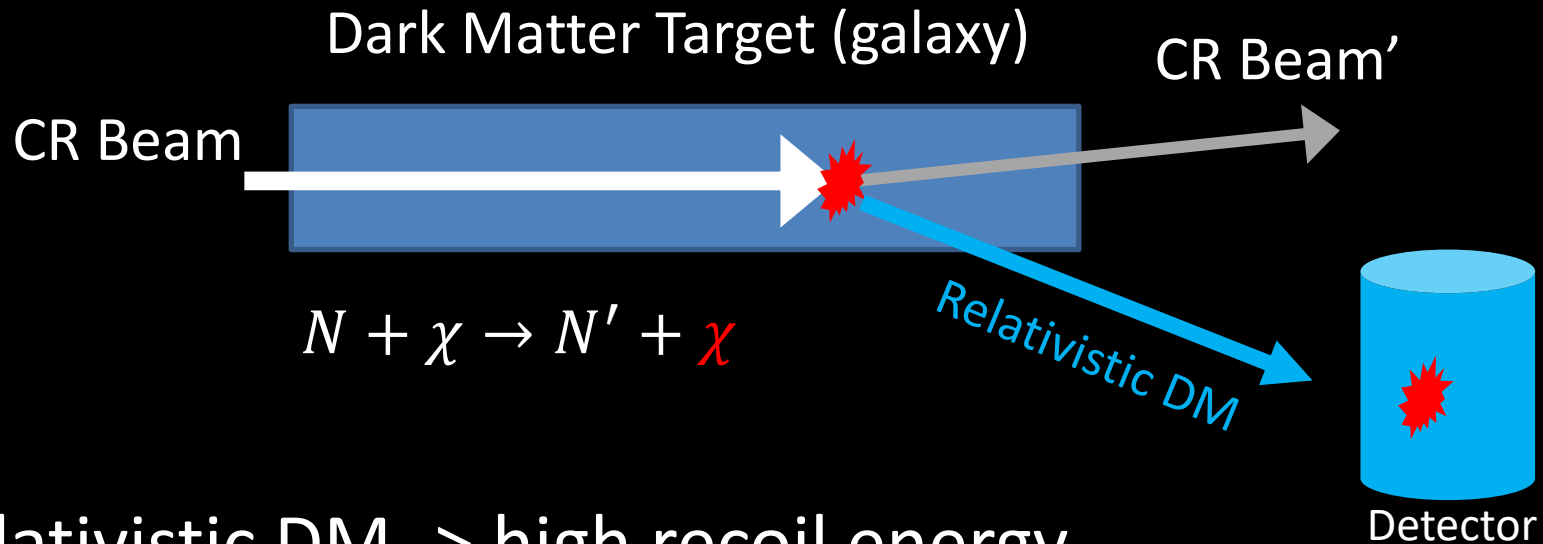


## Electron Scattering



Cappiello, *KCYN*, Beacom  
1810.07705

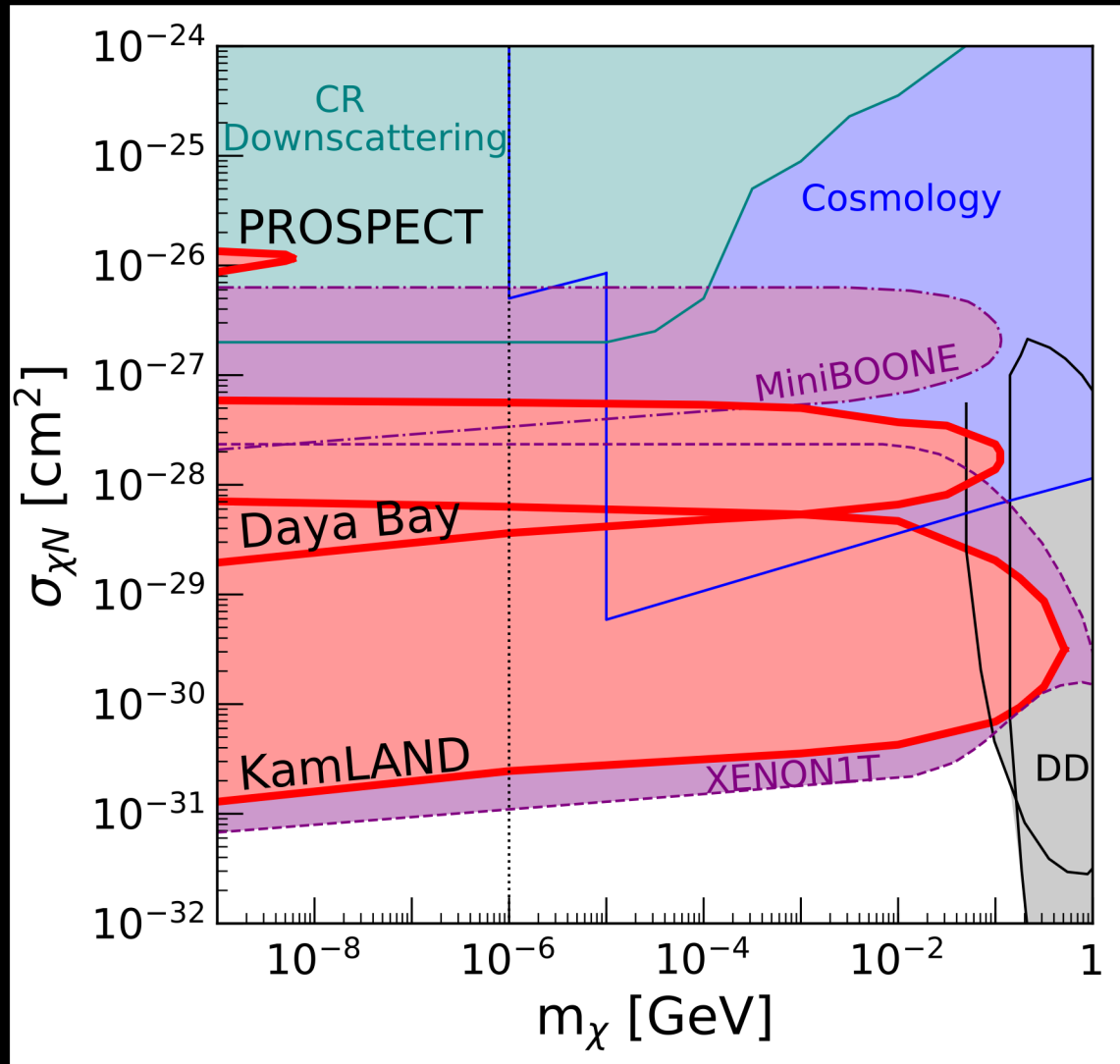
# Dark Matter up-scattering



- Relativistic DM -> high recoil energy
  - kton neutrino detectors!
- Detection rate -> (cross section)<sup>2</sup>

- Bringmann, Pospelov 1810.10543
- Ema, Sala, Sato 1811.00520
- Cappiello Beacom 1906.11283

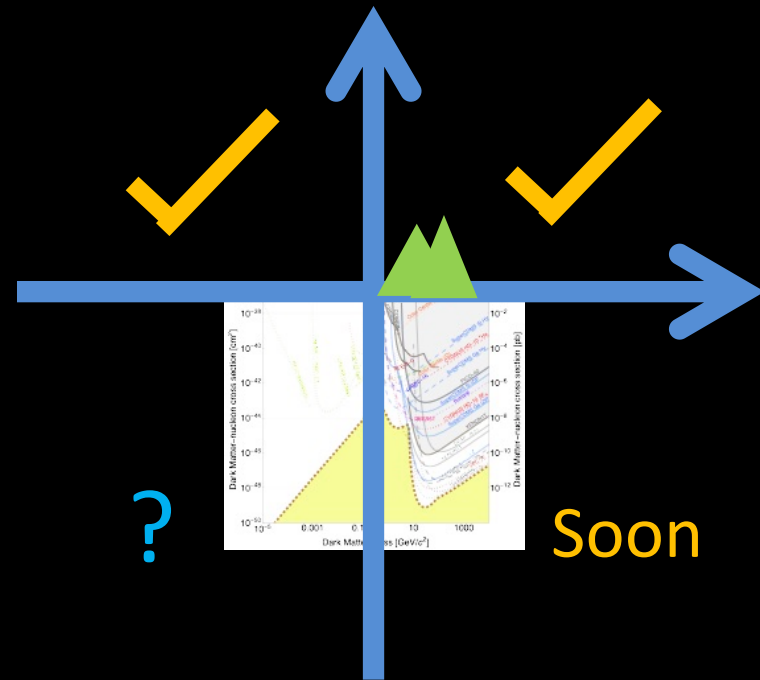
# Dark Matter up-scattering



- Cappiello, Beacom 1906.11283

# Conclusion

- Light dark matter has become increasingly popular
- Astrophysical and cosmological probes are complementary to (future) direct detection experiments
- Low-mass high cross section window closed





# Backup

# Electron scattering

