

### Recent results from the VERITAS multi-messenger program

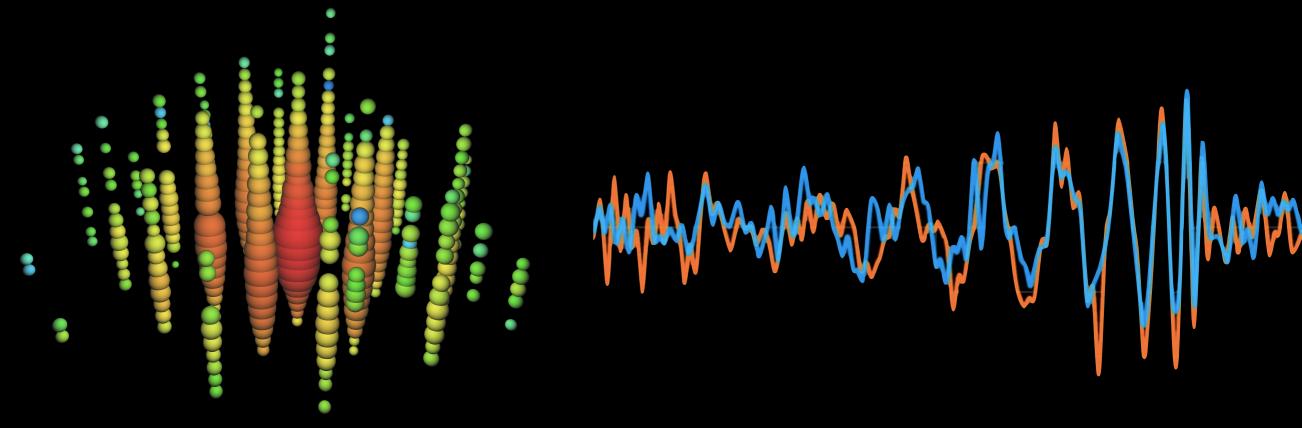


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36th ICRC - Madison, WI (2019)

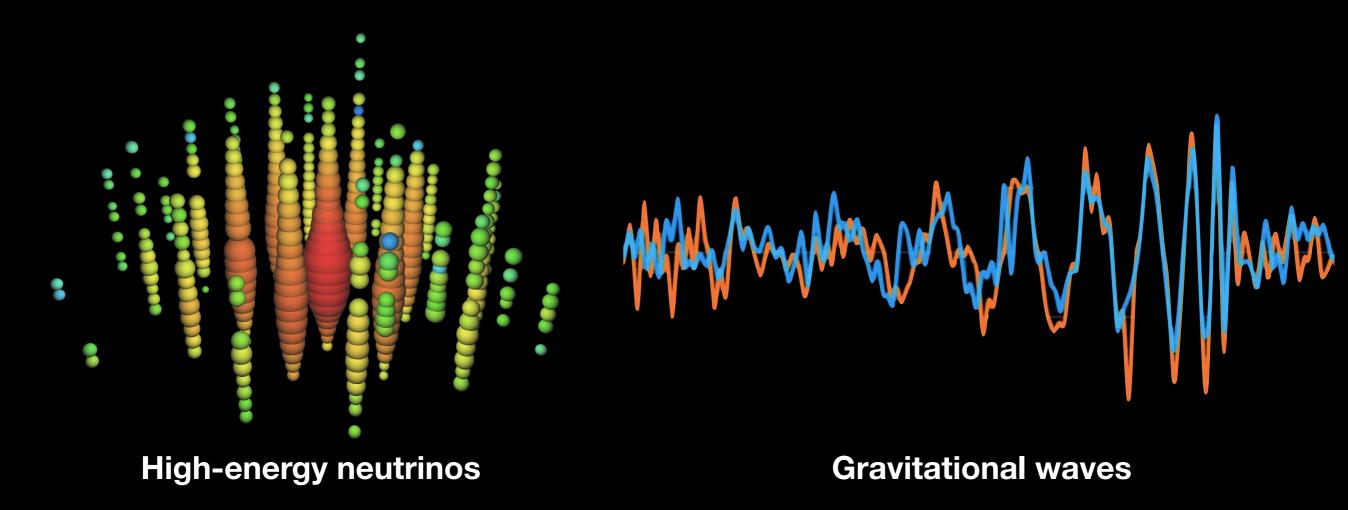
## New astrophysical messengers



**High-energy neutrinos** 

**Gravitational waves** 

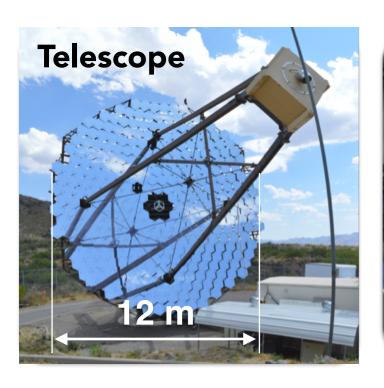
# New astrophysical messengers

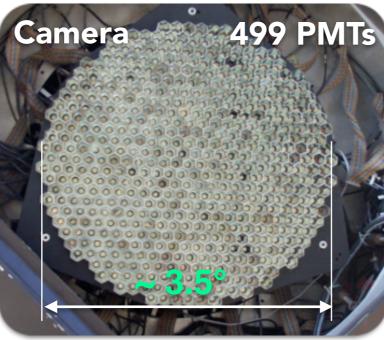


- The discovery of HE astrophysical neutrinos and gravitational waves opens new windows into extreme events and processes.
- VHE emission potentially associated with the sources of HE neutrinos (hadronic accelerators) and gravitational waves (compact object mergers as GRB progenitors).
- Localization of electromagnetic counterparts.

# VERITAS telescopes

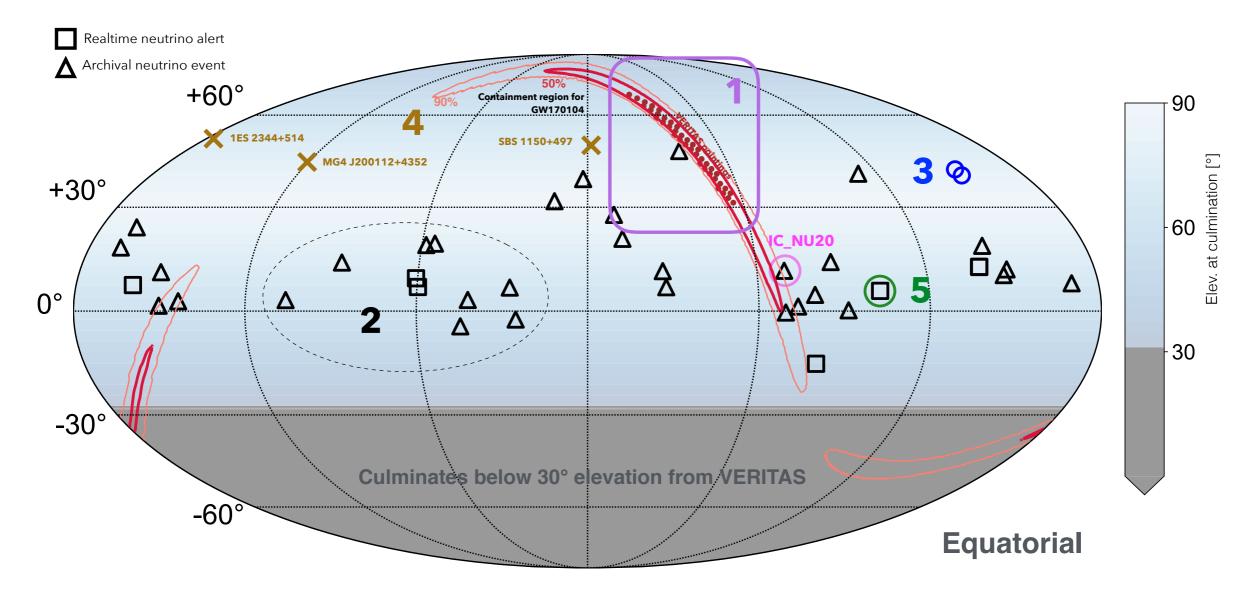






- First light in 2007
- Energy range: ~ 80 GeV 30 TeV
- Obs. time: ~1300 hrs / year
- Ang. resolution: 0.1° resolution @ 1 TeV
- Sensitivity:
  - 1 Crab in 2 mins.
  - 1% Crab in 25 hrs.

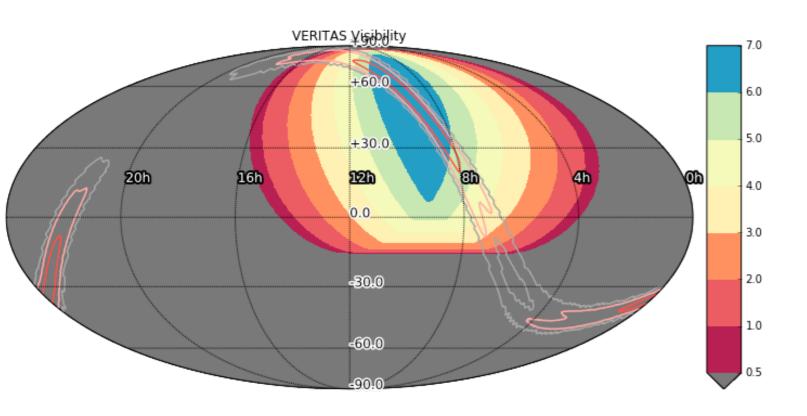
### Current multimessenger efforts



- 1. Gravitational-wave VHE counterpart searches
- 2. Realtime and archival neutrino event follow-ups
- 3. Follow-up of IceCube neutrino event multiplets
- 4. Follow-up of neutrino clusters near known VHE sources
- 5. Long-term monitoring of the candidate neutrino blazar TXS 0506+056

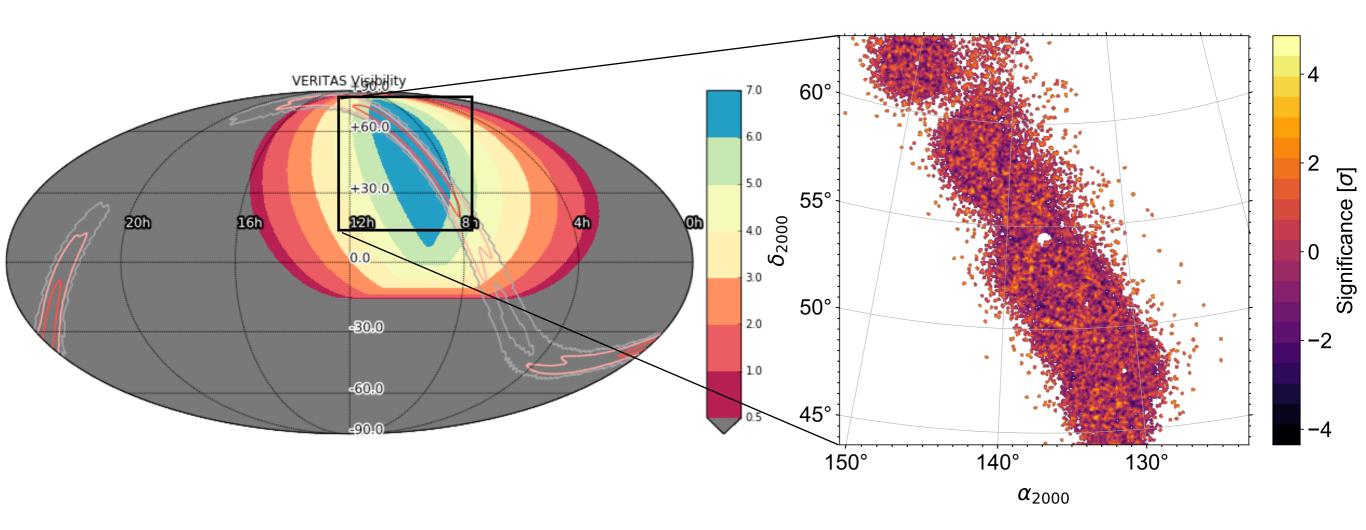
### 1) Gravitational-wave follow ups

- **GW170104**: 50- $M_{sun}$  BBH merger at z = 0.2 detected by LIGO during its O2 run.
- Alert was 6.5 hours old when received. Good visibility of the core region of the event.
- About 4.5 hours of data taken, 39 pointings with ~ 5 min / pointing.
- No detection. Observations affected by bad weather. Preliminary results circulated as GCN circular #21153

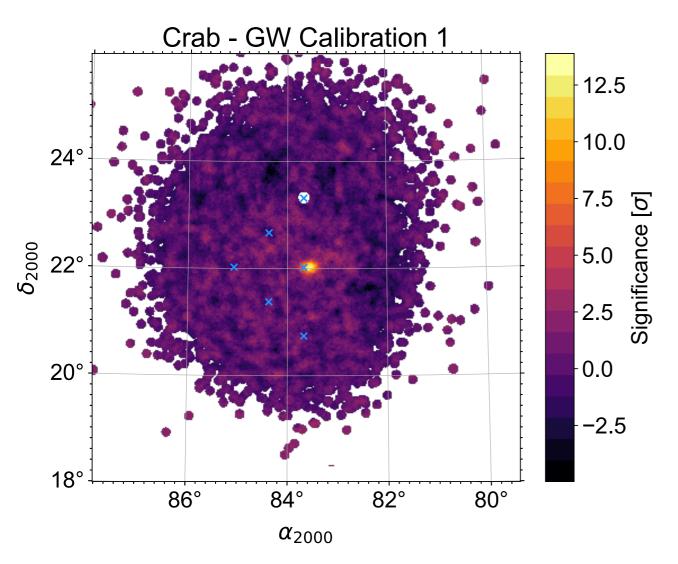


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### 1) Gravitational-wave follow ups



**Strategy validation:** tiling around the Crab nebula. 6 pointings with 5 mins / pointing.

### O3 LIGO/Virgo run:

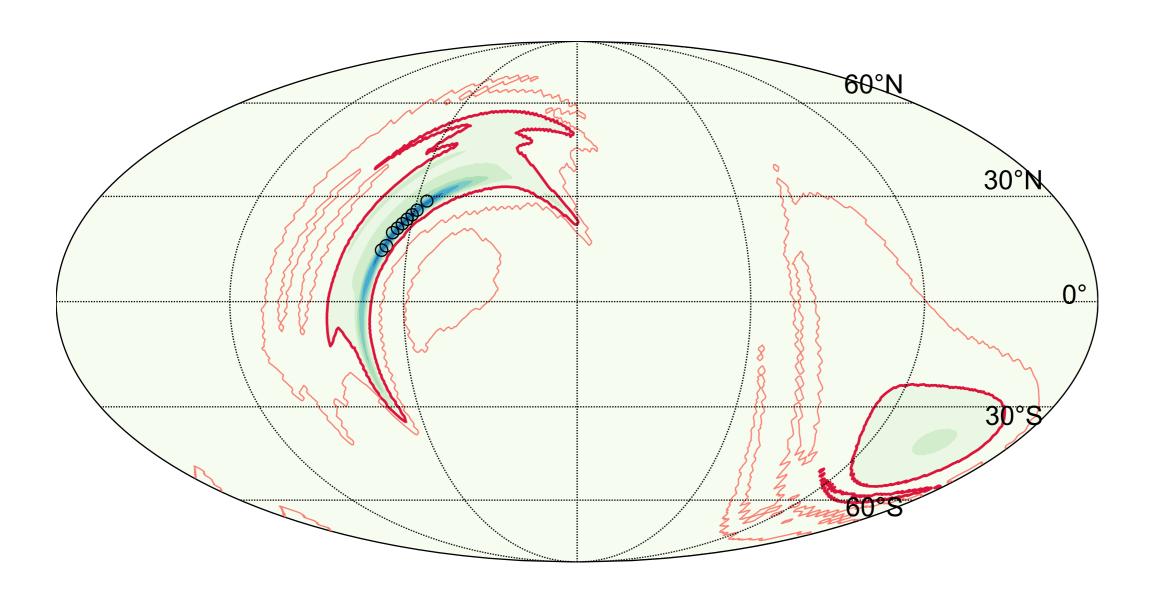
- Higher GW rate. Notice delay reduced to ~minutes.
- 4 follow-ups out of 18 alerts issued
- Tiling calculated using a Greedy Traveling Salesman algorithm that maximizes probability coverage and minimizes slewing time.

### **O3 Follow-up observations**

<b>GW ID</b>	Delay	Compact binary	Prob. covered	VERITAS obs.
	[hrs]	coalescence type		[hrs]
S190412m	24.1	BBH:> 99%	$\sim 50\%$	3.1
S190425z	1.3	BNS:> 99%	$\sim 2\%$	0.9
S190426c	17.6	NSBH:60%, MG: 25%, BNS:15%	$\sim 20\%$	2.5
S190707q	20.3	BBH:> 99%	$\sim 30\%$	3.0

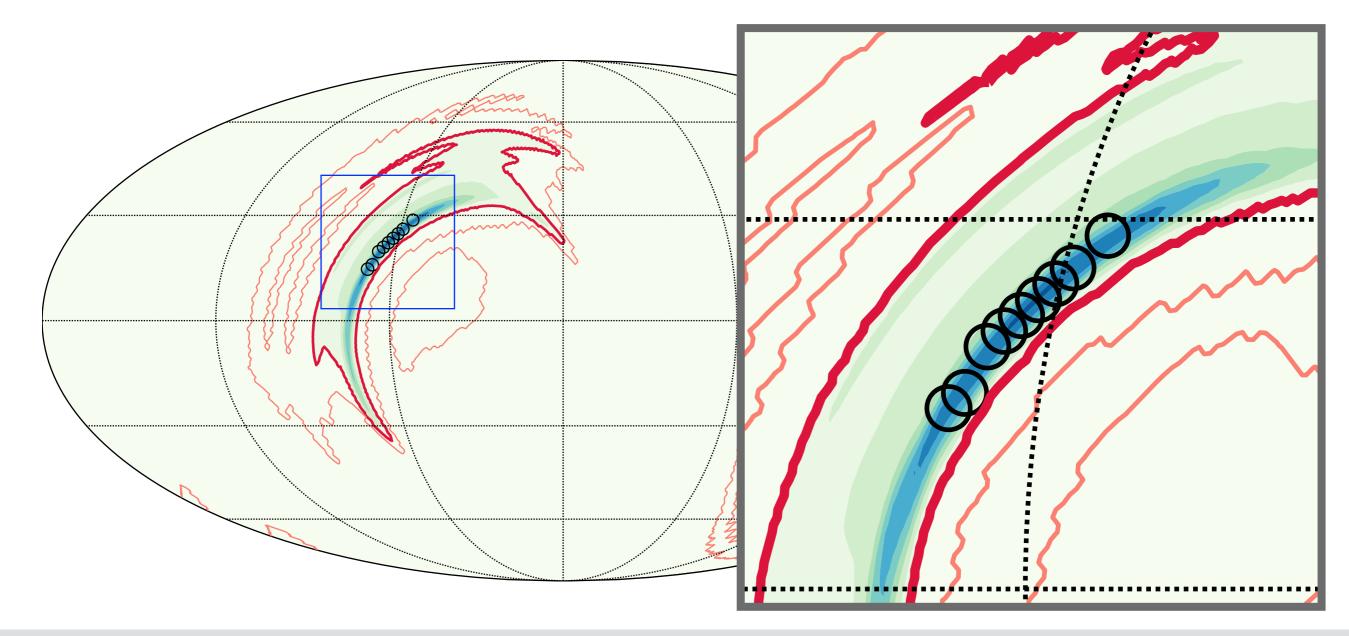
### 1) Gravitational-wave follow ups - S190425z

- Only high-probability BNS merger so far in O3 (>99%). Only Livingston + Virgo.
- First localization region had 50% area with ~ 2800 deg<sup>2</sup>.
- First observation started 35 mins after the initial skymap was circulated. 10 x 6 min exposures (reduced high voltage). Analysis ongoing.

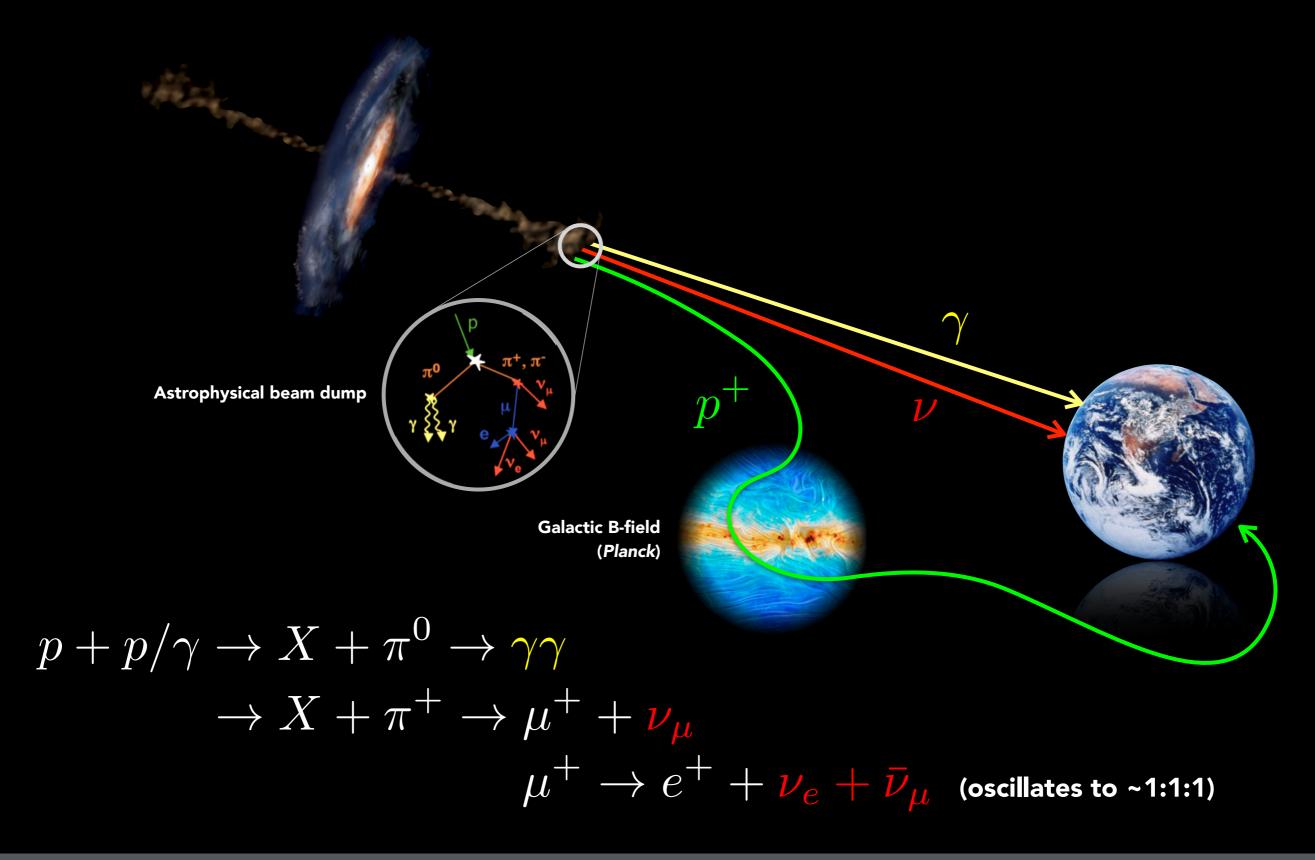


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### Neutrinos and gamma rays



# Follow-up latency

### IceCube follow-up programs

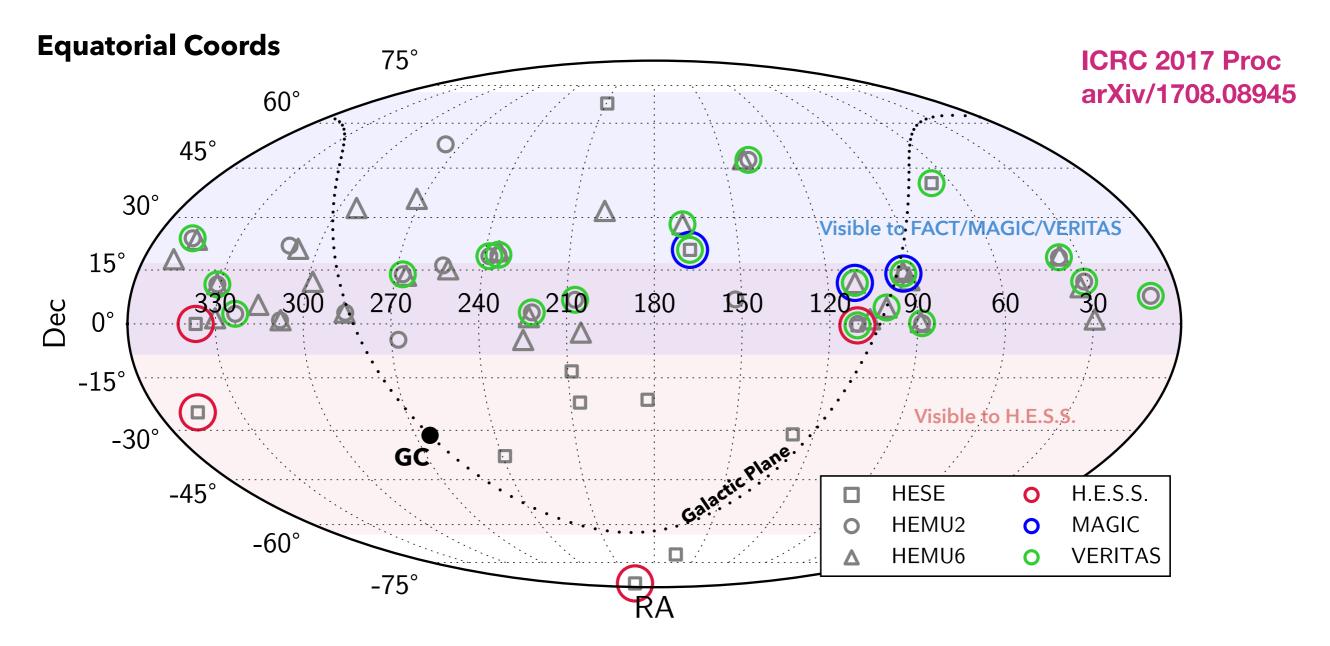
**Goal:** Searching for hadronic VHE emission at the location of single (or clusters of) high-energy muon neutrinos (~1° ang. resolution).

### **Variety of follow-up approaches:**

- Searches for VHE emission at "archival" muon neutrino positions that are likely astrophysical (E<sub>v</sub> ≥ 100 TeV)
- Correlation studies of neutrino and gamma-ray emission from VHE sources.
- Observation of neutrino "flares" from known VHE sources.
  - Observation of neutrino multiplets.
  - Observation of prompt online HESE alerts.
  - Observation of prompt EHE alerts.

months-year

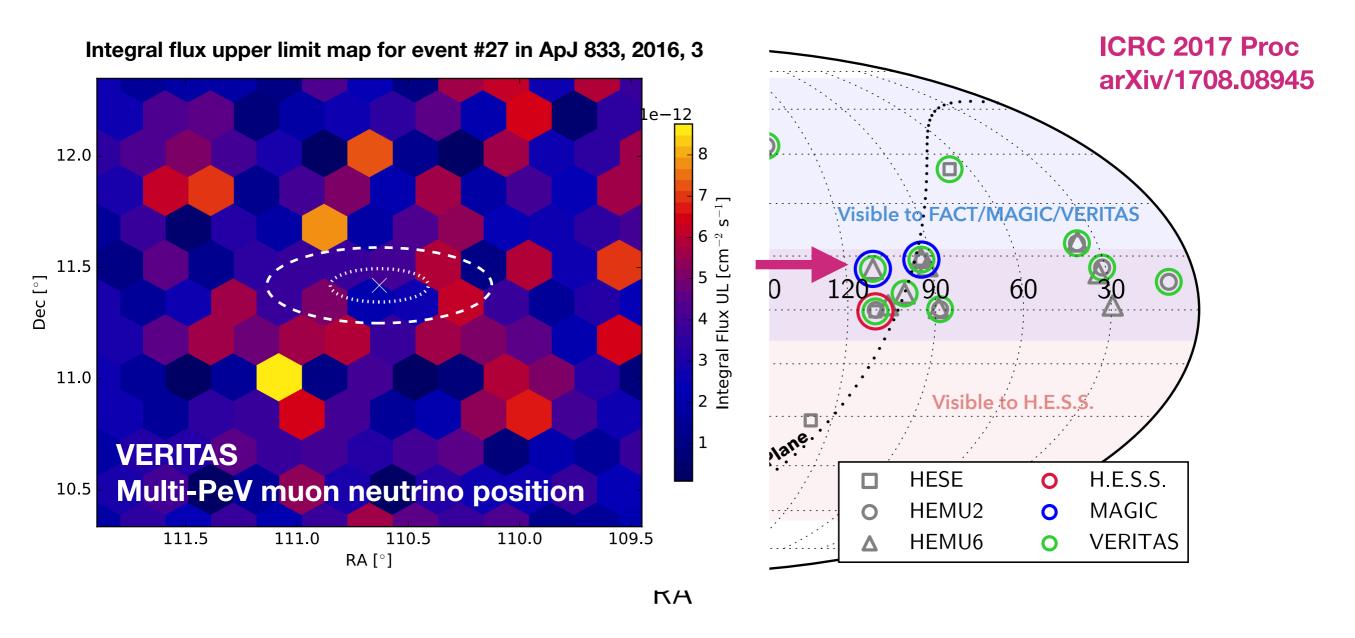
### 2) "Archival" IceCube neutrino events



- Selection of high-energy neutrino events from IceCube publications + shared through MoU that are potentially astrophysical ( $p_{astro} > 50\%$ ) and have good localizations (~1°).
- ~40 hours of VERITAS exposure so far. Publication plans being discussed with other IACTs.

No VHE gamma-ray excess found in the region of interest of the archival neutrino events

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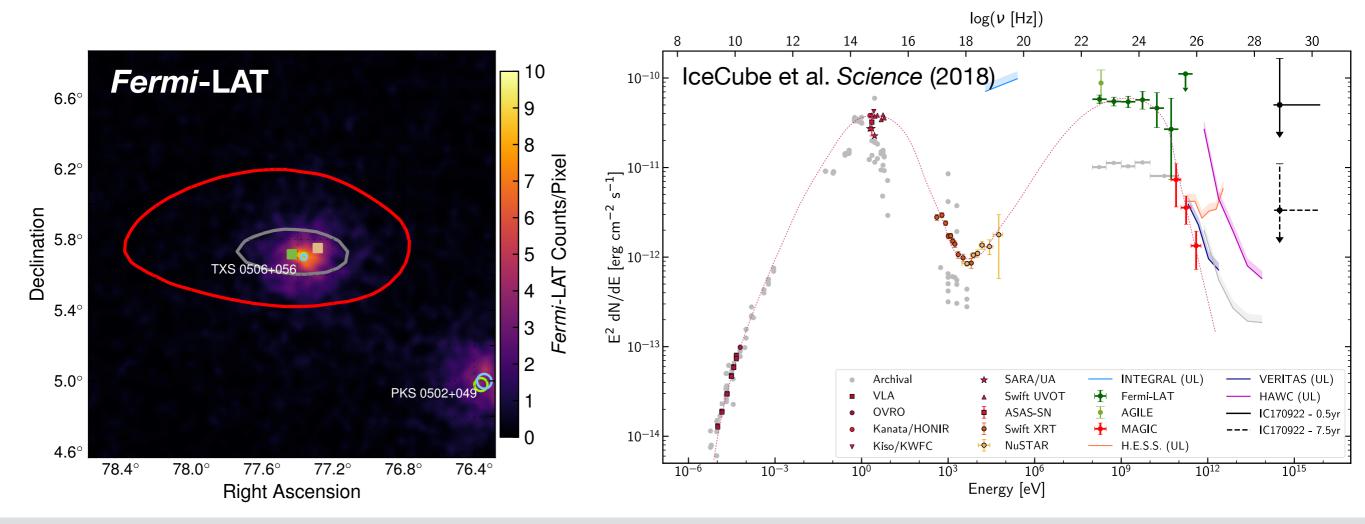


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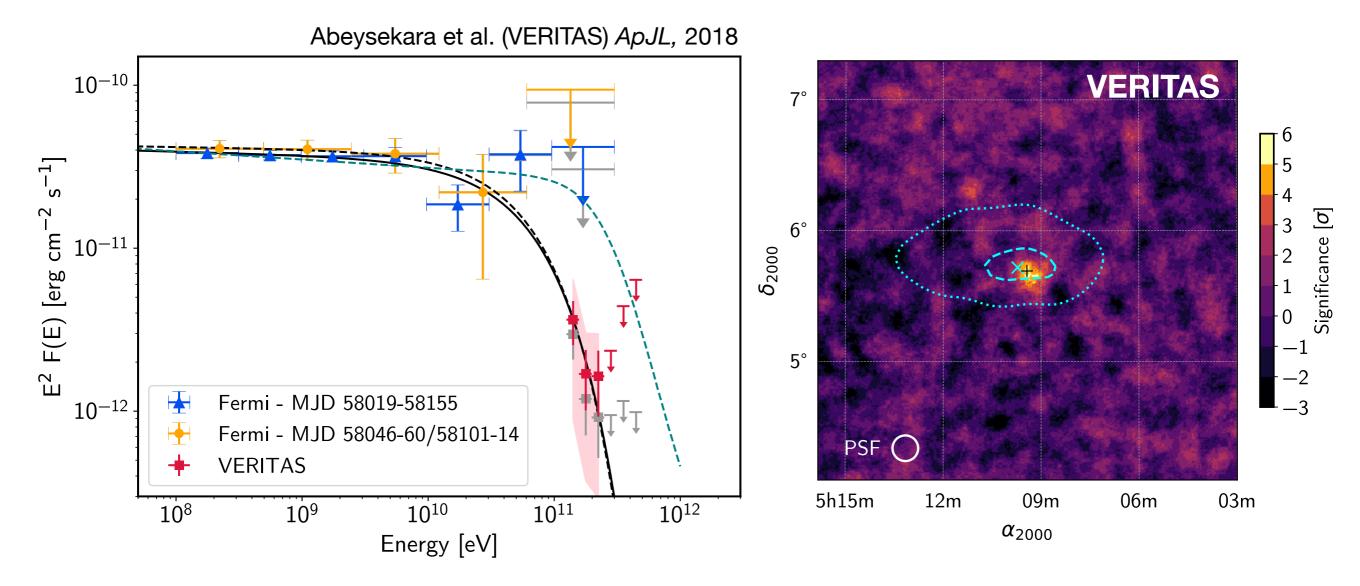
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### 2) Realtime IceCube neutrino alerts

- Started in 2016 by IceCube. Fully-automated in VERITAS. First follow-up in April 2016, 112s delay between detection and the South Pole and start of on-target observations by VERITAS.
- Five alerts follow-ups to date. Most important has been IC170922A.
  - Fermi-LAT detection of flaring from TXS 0506+056. VHE detection by MAGIC.
  - No VERITAS detection in first two weeks after IC170922A.

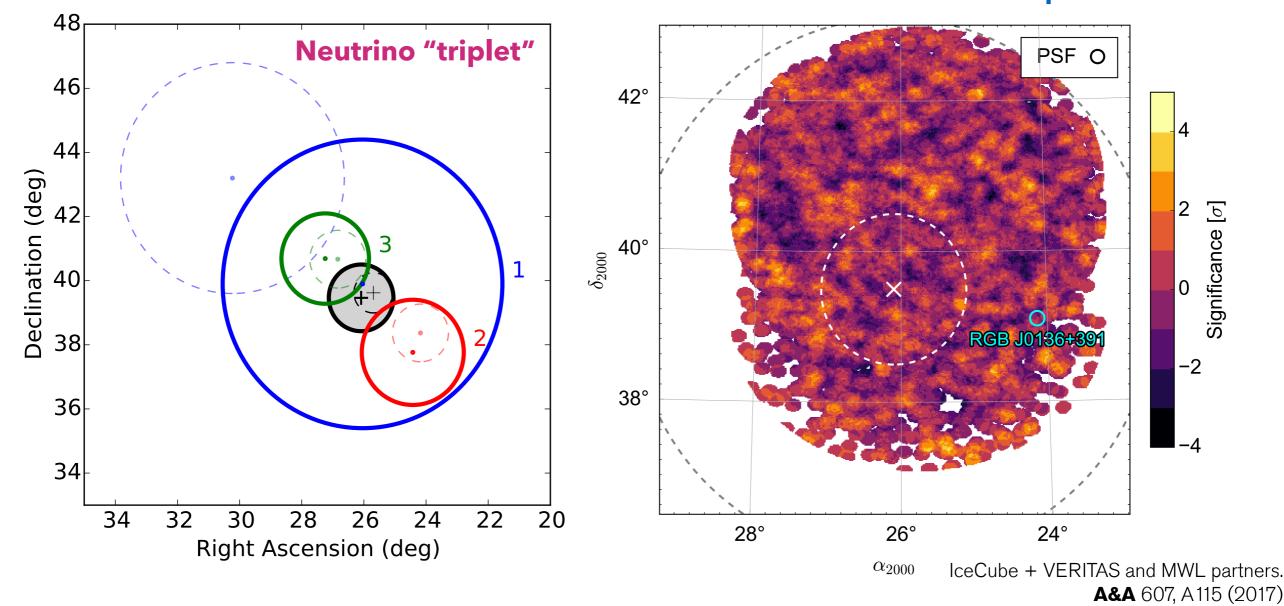


### VERITAS detection of TXS 0506+056



- VERITAS detected the blazar in 35 hours of observation (5.8 $\sigma$ ) between Sept 2017 and Feb 2018.
- Very soft spectrum. Best fit power-law fit in the 110-300 GeV yields  $\Gamma = 4.8 \pm 1.3$ . ( $\Gamma_{MAGIC} = 3.9 \pm 0.4$ )
- Integral flux above 110 GeV is ~60% of that reported by MAGIC in first detection.
- Continued monitoring of the source over the next years to characterize variability and low-state spectrum.

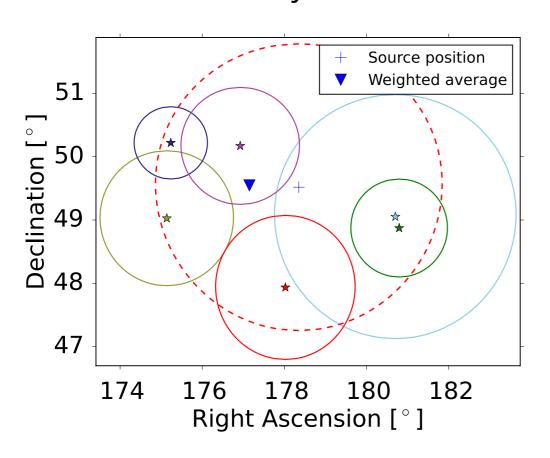
### 3) Search for neutrino "burst" counterparts

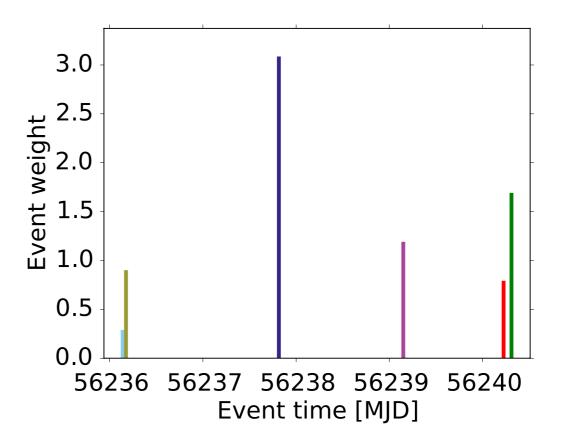


- Two or more neutrinos in spatial coincidence within 100 s.
- Most significant: event triplet detected in Feb 17, 2016.
- No counterpart detection in VERITAS observations on Feb 25 & 26 (63 min exposure).
- No activity from the known VHE blazar RGB J0136+391.

# 4) Search for a time-dependent neutrino emission from known VHE sources

 Neutrino candidates are identified around a predefined list of gamma-ray sources. Number, energy, and position of the events are considered and an alert is sent by IceCube once a trigger condition is satisfied.





- Four alerts followed-up to date with VERITAS (2016 JInst 11 P11009 (IceCube, MAGIC, VERITAS))
- Gamma-ray sources list has been recently updated to include newer catalogs (Fermi 3FHL, 4FGL) and optimize for sky regions with maximal IceCube sensitivity.



- Active multimessenger program involving GW and neutrino follow-up studies with VERITAS
- Close connection with other programs within VERITAS (in particular GRBs and blazars).
- Continued observations over the next three years.